THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1868. VOLUME XVIII.—NUMBER 167

MEMPHIS APPEAL

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY
—BY—
JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Benham, Hendrix & Co., Liquors and Tobacco, 10 Adams street.

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Wright, W. P., No. 3 Promenade, Commission and Forwarding Merchant.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

HEBREW CALENDAR.

A. M. 5628.

1st Tisri, 30th September.....1867.
1st Kheswan, 30th October....."
1st Kislew, 29th November....."
1st Tebes, 27th December....."
1st Shebat, 28th January.....1868.
1st Adar, 26th February....."
1st Nisan, 24th March....."
1st Iyar, 23d April....."
1st Sivan, 22d May....."
1st Tammuz, 21st June....."
1st Ab, 20th July....."
1st Elul, 19th August.....

Ash Wednesday, 26th February.....1868.
Mamdy Thursday, 9th April....."
Good Friday, 10th April....."
Easter Sunday, 12th April....."
Ascension, 21st May....."
Pentecost, 31st May....."
Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

1867.

LODGES.

ANGELONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in each month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. E. Forster, 234 Front street, W. Sec. Jo. n Beamish, Secy.

SOLOMON No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. —A. J. Wheeler, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

ZEALA SCOTT, No. 299. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Allnutt, W. M.; H. P. Woodward, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 295. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. F. M. Stanley, W. M.; W. H. Hutts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341 (T. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—No. 2 Front street. George Mollersh, 32d, W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Secy.

R. AND S. M.

GODFRIA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.

32d Degree.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 3d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G.·. M.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.·.

MEMPHIS Lodge of Perfection, 14th.; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mollersh, 32d, G.·. M.·.; A. K. Frankland, 32d, Sec.·.

CASPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh.·.; —— ——, Sec.·.

DALCARNY Chapter of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.·.

PIC "LITTLE DEFLESSERS Council of K.·.—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.·.; Wm. Tom C. Orcide, 32d, Rec.·.

COMO, TORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Allnutt, 32d., Comm.·., in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Rec.·.

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FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

FURNITURE DEALERS

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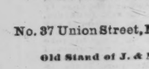
UNDERTAKERS,



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—DEALER IN—

METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS,

And Manufacturers of WOODEN and ROSEWOOD COFFINS, of all kinds,

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☞ All Orders for Undertaking promptly attended to.

☞ No. 1 Carriages always on hand to let for family use.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed Administrator by the County Court of Shelby county upon the estate of William Brierley, deceased, respectfully notifies all persons having claims against said estate to present them duly certified, within the time prescribed by law; and all persons indebted to said estate will come forward and settle the same. 14 dawtf

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

JOHN HALLUM, J. R. CHALMERS, T. B. TURLEY

HALLUM, CHALMERS & TURLEY,

Attorneys at Law,

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febl1 6m

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DR. KEYSER, late a pupil of Prof. V. Graefe, in Berlin, has established his office at 279½ Main street, opposite Court Square. He is prepared to treat all diseases, make all operations and physical examinations of the Eye. Respectfully refers to the medical profession in the city. Office hours 11 to 3 o'clock. febl6 1m

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Cures all Kinds of Sore Eyes.

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apl nov22 ja23 dawly

R. A. SANFORD. SAML TOOLE. S. E. GAMMON.

SANFORD, TOOLE & GAMMON,

Attorneys at Law,

237 Main Street, Memphis,

ja22 1m UP STAIRS.

DR. LUKE P. BLACKBURN,

Office: No. 351 Main street,

(OVER FALL'S DRUG STORE.)

Residence—Gayoso House. nov12 tf

A. WRIGHT. L. D. M'KISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,

Attorneys at Law,

IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

MARLAND L. PERKINS,

ASSISTANT U. S. ATTORNEY,

SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,

—AND—

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Office, No. 450 Main St., Waldran Block, Memphis, Tenn.

nov8 1f

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No. 217 Corner Second and Adams Sts.,

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The best Bitters in the Market as a

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Memphis, ::: Tennessee.

jan28 tf

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No. 262 Second Street,

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

NEW ORLEANS, February 11, 1868.

Few of the planters of Louisiana, Arkansas and Mississippi are able to engage again in the cultivation of cotton; and hardly a factor is able to help them do it, if he desired. Consequently, the large mass of the negroes have to choose between starvation, plundering and emigration—the last of which Jacobinism dreads far more than it cares for either of the other results, well knowing that if an hundred thousand hungry negroes are poured into the Northern States, to come in competition with white labour, there will be such an uprising of the people against Jacobinism as the country has never witnessed against any other faction.

At this crisis, when the dangers of emancipation and negro suffrage are assuming huge and alarming proportions, the negro Bureau at Washington steps forward with a proposition to the planters, which, for cool and shameless effrontery, is unparalleled. Its order is intended "to relieve the extreme want occasioned by freedmen being without employment," through the inability of planters to furnish supplies.

The proposals of the Commissioner do not pretend to be made in the interest of the planter. They are distinctly stated to be made "*solely for the purpose of securing employment to the freedmen, by enabling the planter to furnish them with subsistence.*"

To effect this, the Bureau offers to furnish supplies of provisions to the planter, requiring him, in consideration of these advances, to guarantee the support and *wages* too, of the destitute freedmen for the whole year.

The "Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands" has no longer any refugees to take care of, and there remain in its care only a few abandoned estates. It has become almost exclusively a protector and alms-house for negroes. The Government, without any Constitutional power to do so, assumed the care of the freedmen, and undertook to provide them work, to educate their children and even adults, to make labour-contracts for them, and to be their champion in all controversies with white men. It was an attempt to make a privileged class out of the lowest stratum of humanity; to compel the payment to them of exorbitant wages, to encourage them in idleness, and exempt them from the ordinary civil and criminal jurisdictions of the country. It undertook to provide for their destitution by public alms; and robbed them and the planter alike by the cotton-tax, to procure the means for furnishing the alms. Proposing to relinquish the cotton-tax, it casts about to see how it may assess the alms upon the Southern States or people; and, in the language of the *Commercial Bulletin*, of this city, it proposes to "comply with the national undertaking on behalf of destitute freedmen, by employing the planter to take the risk of the transaction." That very able journal, in an article written by WILLIAM M. BURWELL, says:

But what conditions does the Bureau propose? The planter must give what is called, under the common law, a penal bond, with security thereon in the sum of $1500 for every twenty freedmen employed, conditioned "to reimburse to the Bureau, at the expiration of said year, the full cost of such supplies, from the proceeds of the crops, or other products of industry, raised by him, or from the movables on the plantation, used in the cultivation of the crop?" "And that immediately upon the sale of said crops, a sufficient amount of the proceeds accruing therefrom, to the full amount, if necessary, shall be turned over to the proper officer of the Bureau, in liquidation of his just indebtedness for the subsistence advanced."

It is moreover stipulated that, in addition to the proceeds of the crop, the Bureau shall have a tacit mortgage on the whole personality of the planter on the plantation. "He further stipulates and agrees that, should there still be a balance due the Bureau after the proceeds of the crop have been thus applied, then, and in that event, the movables and other goods on the plantation shall be liable therefor."

* * * *

The order contains another stipulation to which we would call the attention of factors. It is embodied in the following extract: "And he (the planter) further agrees that when said crops or other products are prepared for market, that the same, or his portion thereof, shall be shipped for sale, to such merchants as may be designated by the Bureau in the city of New Orleans."

Under this provision the Bureau will, in common prudence, prefer such factors as it shall be assured will carry out its purposes and protect its interests. They will constitute a factorage agency for the Bureau. But what will be the situation of those factors who may be the present agents of the planter? What will become of the balances still due them from the planter? His business will be taken from him and conferred, possibly, upon the Government factors.

The *Bee* says:

We did not find it in our hearts, without reflection, to disabuse the minds of our planting friends of the notion some of them at least may have entertained that the Government intended, by adopting this measure, to be of service *to them*. The one sided proposition of the Bureau is patent, but never, upon the face of the circular, which hardly requires a second reading to be convinced of its unfair and inadmissible conditions, and we shall be greatly mistaken if planters generally do not decline its magnanimous offer, which neither more nor less than asking the planter to become a sort of commissary for the negro and an underwriter of his labor. The planter is asked to take charge of the supplies thus generously tendered him, after giving bond and security for his faithful agency, to deal out from them the rations of the negro, and, *mirabile dictu!* to *insure* the result of his labor.

* * * *

It is perfectly evident that the stipulation requiring bond and security and a lien upon the planter's movables, amounts to an insurance by the latter of the negro's labor and against the casualties of the season, without having the means of compelling the laborer to work.

To carry out these conditions involves an espionage by Bureau agents over the operations of our people which we do not think could be tolerated by them, and are therefore of opinion that these offers of the Government will not generally be availed of by persons who would intend to carry out the conditions of the agreement in good faith.

The planter, if he accedes to the terms of the Bureau, will obtain only a portion of the provisions required by his hands, the sum appropriated for Louisiana, for example, being wholly inadequate. He will get no advances for his own support during the year, or with which to pay balances, or to provide for the future, or to purchase mules or agricultural implements. It is simply a scheme to provide for the negroes, and secure the Government for its advances made to feed them. There are not many cases in which it will enable the planter to employ them.

If any one accepts the terms, he will bind himself—1. To find employment during the crop-year, for the negro. 2. To find them in food, and forage for the team used by them. 3. To subject the whole nett profits of his cotton to the payment of the negro's wages and supplies. 4. To guarantee their wages and support by acknowledging a tacit mortgage upon his personal property; and, 5. To permit his cotton to go into the hands of a person selected by the Bureau, and truly loyal, *of course*, to be sold. The whole crop must go together, how small soever the amount of supplies received. Moreover, the *Bulletin* says, "we have learned that a responsible planter applied to the Bureau here to know *whether, if he should come forward before his crop of cotton was sent to market, and pay off the Government account for advances, the Bureau would allow him to consign his crop to his own commission merchant?* The answer reported to us was that the Bureau would not consent to such a disposition of the crop.

It is common enough for the factor who makes advances to stipulate for the shipment to him of the whole crop, the anticipated commissions on it being part of the consideration for, or of the inducement to making, the advances. The contract is a legitimate one, and ought to be honestly complied with. But the Government does not propose to become a cotton factor, charge commissions on sales, and put them in the Treasury. All it expects is to get back what it advances, and secure the negro his wages. The profitable pickings and perquisites, are to go into the pockets of the pet of the Bureau who may be selected as factor. It is another scheme for rewarding service-able partizans. All that the Government can have any right to demand is, that the planter shall ship enough of his cotton to the Bureau pet to cover the advances made, and, if the Bureau is to act as paymaster to the negro, to pay his wages. With what right or propriety the Bureau would engage in that business, of paying off the planters' hands, we do not see, nor by what right it undertakes to enforce the performance of contracts for labour. The Government might as well undertake that business between all white men in the country.

The *Bulletin* remarks that "the compulsory consignment of a crop worth perhaps $5000, for an advance of $1500, to a carpet-bag factor, may perhaps pay the *Bureau*, which is to be guaranteed; but what assurance is there that the planter will receive his share of the consignment?" It would be safe to predict that the Government would lose one-half of its advances, the planter get about a third of that which he *should* receive; and the factor become rich, pious and respectable on the steal-age.

The *Bulletin* says:

Now we pause to ask the planter if any commission merchant has ever imposed conditions so stringent as these? Has he ever, by contract, given power to his factor, upon the failure of his crop expectations, to come upon his plantation and order a sale of his mules, plows, the furniture in his house and kitchen? For this order makes all these things "liable" for any balance unpaid. We have no guarantee even that this liability shall be enforced under the civil law or

the loss of a crop would close out the Bureau and the idle freedmen, with the cultivator's property, would be a good speculation for the planter to lose a crop. Let him not be entrapped to open a poorhouse for destitute negroes, and be thus deluded into ruin. Let him beware how he borrows bread and meat not for himself or his family alone—but for idle paupers. Let him not incur the reproach of having been sold out because his boarders would not work, or because the frost or the flood destroyed the product of their labor. Let the planter beware lest the Bureau allow these destitute freedmen to bid at the sale of his effects, and swap places with him next year. Again, we advise them, examine this proposition carefully. It cannot do you much good. It is not intended for your

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOOL OF THE HOLY CROSS.

MRS. KETCHUM, - Principal,

NO. 105 THIRD STREET, THE EASTER Session will open on MONDAY, February 3, 1868. French, Latin and Pencil Drawing, without extra charges. Vocal and Instrumental Music by Miss Nora Bratton. ja29 1m

Park Avenue Academy,

THREE MILES FROM MEMPHIS, NEAR Memphis and Charleston Railroad. The object of this school is to prepare boys for the University of Virginia or any college, or for the active duties of life. In the Primary Department special attention will be given to Reading, Writing and Spelling. The Principal has had ten years' experience in teaching in Alexandria, Richmond and Lynchburg, Virginia, and designs establishing a permanent school. The Academy is located in a community noted for its refinement and intelligence, and is near Park Avenue Church, where religious services are held every Sunday. Board can be obtained near the school for $18 per month. The next session commences February 3d. References: Dr. J. J. Williams, N. M. Tennevant, M. D. Deadrick, S. Raynor, Esqrs., Captain E. A. Cox, patrons; Rev. M. P. Hoge, D.D., Rev. Moore, D.D., Richmond, Va.; Rev. R. L. Dabney, D.D., Rev. B. M. Smith, D.D., Union Seminary, Va.; Rev. J. R. Ramsay, D.D., Judge D. A. Wilson, Rev. F. R. Dean, Hon. Charles L. Scott, Lynchburg, Va.; Prof. J. C. Venable, University of Virginia, Prof. Wm. Blackwidder, Hampden Sidney, Va.; Prof. C. W. L. MILLER, M.A., Principal.

ja18 2w*

NOTICE TO PARENTS.

MISS SALLIE CORNELIUS WILL OPEN A SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND Small Boys, on the 2d JANUARY, 1868 at the residence of Dr. O. R. Early, on Jones avenue, fifth door from Alabama street, and immediately in the rear of St. Mary's Church, for girls and small boys. dec4

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE.

SPRING SESSION, 1868,

WILL BEGIN ON

Monday, January 20, 1868.

For information as to Terms, etc., address

Col. R. T. P. ALLEN, Sup't,

Farmdale P. O.,

Franklin county, Ky.

d22 daw eod

THE MISSES BOWERS

WILL open the Spring Session of their School, on Monday, the 27th of January, at their residence, No. 108 Monroe street. They have engaged the services of Prof. Villehaliu, who will give instruction in French, free of charge. As evidence of the success attending their efforts, they would refer to their patrons, Mr. F. M. Cash, Gen. W. Y. C. Humes, S. K. Fulton, Mr. E. H. Word, Mr. S. P. Mr. W. F. Mitchel, and others. feb1

LEE ACADEMY.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3RD, WE SHALL open the Forms for the Spring Session, with, in Professor Vilehalin's classes, our CHARGE.

A. E. MORGAN, Principal.

NT MARY'S SCHOOL,

Mrs. M. E. POPE, Principal.

ar Street, East of Orleans.

S NEW SESSION BEGINS FEBRUARY IRD. ja16 2w

PATENT MEDICINES.

MRS. JACKSON'S

Queen Bess Complexion Wash.

THE following certificates, selected from hundreds in the possession of the proprietress, are confidently submitted to the public:

MRS. WOLCOTT'S CERTIFICATE.

QUINCY, Ill., November 5, 1866.

MRS. JACKSON, *Dear Madam*—It is with pleasure that I certify to you, that seeing one of your circulars, which contained testimonials and indorsements from the best physicians and the highest State authorities of the United States, certifying that your oils for the complexion and teeth were purely the oils, extracts and essences of flowers, and I was warned if when used according to directions to cure the worst and most difficult cases of pimples, sore mouth, canker of the stomach, bowels and dysentery. For scrofulous disorders, when used internally and externally, it has no equal. Madam, seeing this, and my little daughter fifteen months, having the whooping-cough for several months, accompanied with the doctors call white canker, her mouth and throat being terribly ulcerated, and I having tried everything for its relief I could hear of to no purpose, I bought one bottle of your oil for the complexion, and a box of your wash according to the directions, did not suffer one minute, and I am most happy to say to you that it has cured my child. She is as well and pretty as ever she was in her life. I give you this, my certificate, hoping you will publish it, that thousands of others who are afflicted with any of the above affections may at once get a bottle of your "Queen Bess" for I feel sure they will find immediate relief. Yours respectfully,

MRS. GEO. WOLCOTT,

Jersey street, bet. Sixth and Seventh.

MRS. WM. B. COLLINS' CERTIFICATE.

HANNIBAL, MO., August 22, 1866.

MRS. JACKSON, *Dear Madam*—I am most happy to inform you that after having suffered more than three years with what some physicians called scrofula of the nose, and canker of the mouth and throat, I tried various remedies, but found nothing to do me any good until I heard of your oils for the complexion and teeth, called "Queen Bess." I bought one bottle, went according to directions, and am truly thankful to say I have found a permanent cure. Hoping you will publish this, that other poor sufferers may be benefitted by it, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

MRS. WM. B. COLLINS.

AGENTS WANTED—Male or Female, in every town and county in the United States, to introduce the celebrated Queen Bess Preparation. Agents are now making from $150 to $250 per month, clear of expenses. Applications for agencies can be made for the present to Mrs. Jackson, at the Whitemore House, Adams street, between Third and Fourth, Memphis; or to the manufacturing depot, No. 113 Sixth street, St. Louis, Mo., either in person or by letter.

ja29 1m

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"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

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POPULAR WORKS ON FREEMASONRY

PUBLISHED BY THE

MASONIC PUBLISHING

—AND—

MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

432 Broome Street, New York.

LITURGY OF THE ANCIENT AND Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry, for the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States. By Albert Pike, 33d, and Grand Commander. 8vo. Splendidly illustrated with Chromo-lithographic plates and numerous wood engravings, Part II, 4th to 14th degree, $5 00.

It would perhaps seem unnecessary after giving the above Life-page to say anything further in the way of recommendation. The name of the author should or itself be a sufficient guarantee of its worth. Ill. Bro. Pike, by his learning and contributions has done as much to elevate the standard of Masonic literature and extend a knowledge of its symbolism, ethics and history as any other living man. This book, in its particular department, may justly be considered a master-piece, embracing matter not only useful to the Masonic student of every grade, but to men of science in the highest literary field, of the present age. Notwithstanding this book has been preceded by several of a similar character, yet to Bro. Pike alone is due the honor of first exploring this branch of Masonic literature and of opening to the admiration of the Craft its vast storehouse of knowledge and beauty. This work contains the degrees of the Ancient and Accepted Rite from the fourth to the fourteenth inclusive, is elegantly illustrated with chromo-lithograph engravings, showing all the jewels, costume, furniture, etc., belonging to each degree. No expense has been spared in getting it up, and it is without doubt the most elegant, as well as one of the most useful books, ever offered to the Fraternity.

Published and for sale by the Masonic Publishing and Manufacturing Company, 432 Broome street, New York, and Booksellers generally in the United States.

☞ Copies of the above for the Memphis Brethren are ready for delivery at the Editorial Rooms of the APPEAL, 14 Jefferson street, upstairs. 1w jan29

Attachment Notice.

WM. L. Capell vs. J. E. and Susan S. Thornton. Before me, James H. Borum, an Acting Justice of the Peace for Lauderdale county and State of Tennessee.

NOTICE is hereby given to the defendants in this cause that Wm. L. Capell, the plaintiff in this action, appeared before me, and made oath that the defendants, to the best of his knowledge and belief, are about fraudulently to dispose of their property so as to avoid the payment of the plaintiff's debt, and has obtained the same; defendants are hereby notified to appear before me, on the 10th day of March, 1868, and defend the suit, or else the same will be heard ex parte.

JAMES H. BORUM, J. P.

This February 4th, 1868. feb11 law3w

COAL! COAL!

C. T. PETERSON,

DEALER IN

The Best Pittsburg Coal.

Office, No. 13 Madison Street.

CAPTAIN LARRY HARMSTAD will act as agent for corner Main and Madison, and receive orders for the delivery of Coal. ja21m

Salt! Salt!

WE are regularly in receipt of large supplies of KANAWHA and OHIO RIVER SALT, in new barrels, which we offer to the trade, in quantities to suit, at the lowest market prices.

HANKSMITH, HUMPHREY & CO.,

Agents and Commission Merchants,

ja28 1m No. 2 Howard Row.

F. J. SMITH. R. LEECH.

SMITH & LEECH,

RECTIFIERS AND WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS,

242 Second Street, Memphis, Tenn.

INSURANCE.

Southern

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE REMOVED

TO NO. 17 MADISON STREET.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the

Southern Life Insurance Company

Of Memphis, held on the 2d instant, the following named gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors for the ensuing year:

R. C. Brinkley. Sam. Tate,
Alex. Woodruff, F. S. Lavis,
C. F. Norris, W. A. Gwyn,
L. Howes, G. W. McCarn,
F. B. Wills, C. C. Spencer,
G. W. Frazer, N. B. Forrest,
Jacob Weller, H. Le Bo Vosloe.

Frank White,

At a subsequent meeting of the Directory, the following officers were unanimously elected:

President.....G. W. McCARN.
Vice Presidents.....R. C. BRINKLEY and SAM TATE.
Secretary.....BEN MAY.
Treasurer.....F. S. DAVIS. no26

UNITED STATES

Fire and Marine Insurance Co.

OF BALTIMORE, August 1st, 1867.

Cash Capital Paid In, - - - $250,000
Surplus Assets, - - - - $105,892 58

Board of Directors,

(Elected July, 1867)

R. K. Hawley, William Dean,
Charles T. Morris, John J. Abrahams,
John W. Randolph, Franklin Hopkins
Wm. H. Calhoun, Richard Ponder,
Geo. A. Coleman, D. J. Morrison,
Thos. Boozr, Jas. G. Ramsay,
Jas. T. Randolph, Robert Aspinall,
John S. Gilman, John Turnbull, Jr.,
Philip Sherwood, Caleb B. Hynes,
A. H. Schultz. Alfred Rich.

GEO. W. L. CROOK, Agent,

oct8 tf 270½ Main street.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Hartford, Connecticut.

S. D. M'CLURE,

No. 280 Main Street, Bethel Building,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

—GENERAL AGENT FOR—

TENNESSEE AND ARKANSAS.

POLICIES valid in any part of the United States, Europe, and the Southern portion of South America, during any and all seasons of the year. oct2 daw tf

HERNANDO

INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, : : : President.
BEN MAY, : : : : : : : Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

A. VACCARO, S. H. DUNSCOMB,
S. B. WILLIAMSON, M. L. MEACHAM,
HENRY LAIRD, E. McPAVITT,
D. H. TOWNSEND.

jy10 tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Marine Insurance.

Home Insurance Company of NEW YORK.

Assets.....$ 3,765,949 49

Security Insurance Company OF NEW YORK.

Assets.....$1,002,706 68

Enterprise Insurance Company OF CINCINNATI.

Assets.....$1,000,000

Putnam Insurance Company OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Cash Capital.....$500,000

THE well established reputation of these Companies for prompt and non-liable dealing, and their large Cash assets, commend them to the favor of Merchants and Property Holders who desire reliable insurance, for either Fire or Marine. We represent the companies but those duly authorized by State and local laws. All losses adjusted and paid at this agency.

Vredenburg & Sylvester,

General Insurance Agents, No. 11 Madison street (up-stairs), Memphis, Tenn. nov 21

Ninety-Sixth Semi-Annual Expose.

Total Losses Paid, : $21,271,972 57.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

Hartford, Conn.

JULY 1, 1867.

ASSETS—AT MARKET VALUE:

Cash on hand and in bank	$ 916,886 29
Real Estate	248,993 02
Mortgages, first liens	1,030,400 00
Bank Stocks	1,336,400 00
United States, State and City Stock, and other public securities	1,981,308 80
	$4,650,938 27
Less liabilities, claims not due and unadjusted	377,068 46
Net assets	$4,273,269 81

Fire and Inland Navigation Risks.

☞ Agencies in all the principal cities and towns in the United States.

Applications for Insurance will be promptly attended to. H. A. LITTLETON & CO., Agents. nov9

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Hartford Fire Insurance Co.,

ON THE

Thirty-first day of December, 1867,

MADE TO THE

Comptroller of the State of Tennessee.

1. The name of this Company is the Hartford Fire Insurance Company, and is located at Hartford, Connecticut.

CAPITAL.

2. The amount of capital stock is...$1,000,000 00
3. The amount of capital stock paid up is.....1,000,000 00

ASSETS.

4. Cash on hand and in bank, and cash items.....$205,411 78
Cash in hands of agents, and in course of transmission.....141,232 94
Bills receivable for loans, secured by bond and mortgage, (first lien).....104,494 54
Real estate unencumbered.....115,000 00
Rents and interest accrued, payable January 1st.....4,089 87
Stocks and bonds as per schedule filed.....1,455,991 69
$2,026,220 73

LIABILITIES.

5. Liabilities to banks or others, due or not due.....$.....
6. Losses adjusted and due.....
7. Losses in the course of adjustment, or resisted.....
8. Adjusted and not due.....$.....167,336 23
9. Losses in suspense, awaiting further proof.....
10. All other claims against the Company, dividends unpaid.....144 00
$167,500 23

MISCELLANEOUS.

11. The greatest amount insured in any one risk is $20,000, except in special cases.
12. The amount insured in any one city, town or village, depends upon its size and how built.
13. The amount insured in any one block, depends as above.
14. Certified copy of the Charter of the Company, as filed heretofore.
15. General power of attorney for Agents to accept service of process previously filed.

GEORGE L. CHASE, President.
GEORGE M. COIT, Secretary.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, } ss
Hartford county. }

January 8, 1868, personally appeared George L. Chase, President, and George M. Coit, Secretary of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company, and made oath that the foregoing statement by them subscribed is a true, full and correct statement of the affairs of said Company, and exhibits a fair basis to be ascertained at this date, its actual condition on the Thirty-first day of December, 1867.

Before me, GE

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

ALBERT PIKE, EDITOR.
JOHN AINSLIE, FINANCIAL EDITOR.
HARRY BEEK, LOCAL EDITOR.
N. T. ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL AND RIVER EDITOR.

Editorial Rooms—No. 14 JEFFERSON STREET, UP STAIRS.
Business Office—No. 13 JEFFERSON STREET.
Business Manager—JOHN AINSLIE.

AGENTS.

R. W. Ainslie, Travelling Agent.
J. D. Rasberry, general agent for Arkansas.
John E. Reardon, Little Rock, Ark.
Richard Thruston, Van Buren, Ark.
Reed Fletcher, Pine Bluff, Ark.
Jno. R. Eakin, Washington, Ark.
Rev. A. R. Winfield, Camden, Ark.
G. Joy, Bolivar, Tenn.

PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE APPEAL.

A GOVERNMENT of white men for white men; and no political miscegenation.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all law, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

NO ESTABLISHMENTS of Military despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commission, no interference with the Courts, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been dissolved; no prosecutions or disqualifications for political opinions; for the PAST, oblivion of offenses; for the PRESENT and FUTURE, UNION, PEACE, LAW and ORDER.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to all freemen of the African race, of all the CIVIL rights of freemen

NO REPUDIATION, by State or Nation, of any honest and lawful debt.

NO REVIVAL of old party differences; but a Union of all Conservative men, of all former parties, who revere the Constitution, to restore the old land-marks of the Government.

NO LEGISLATION to plunder one portion of the country for the profit of another portion.

WHATEVER is JUST; whatever is RIGHT; whatever is of GOOD REPUTE, and worthy of the descendants of English freemen.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FOR THE DISTRICT OF WEST TENNESSEE

The following named gentlemen are hereby appointed a Central Executive Committee for the District of West Tennessee:

SHELBY COUNTY.—M. D. L. Stewart, Alfred T. Lacey, Jesse W. Page.
WEAKLEY COUNTY.—William P. Caldwell.
DYER COUNTY.—Charles Gibbs.
GIBSON COUNTY.—Wise A. Cooper.
MADISON COUNTY.—W. W. Gates.
HARDEMAN COUNTY.—Judge Miller.
MCNAIRY COUNTY.—S. L. Warren.

With full power to appoint a Congressional Executive committee for the 7th and 8th Congressional Districts of the State, with like power to appoint Executive Committees for the several counties composing their respective Congressional Districts.

By order of the State Central Executive Committee of the Conservative party for the State of Tennessee.

COUNTY CONSERVATIVE TICKET

FOR SHERIFF,
P. M. WINTERS.

FOR REGISTER,
W. L. STEWART.

FOR TRUSTEE,
A. WOODWARD.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR,
GEORGE R. POWELL.

FOR COMMISSIONER,
MARTIN KELLY.

FOR CLERK COMMON LAW COURT,
F. L. WARNER.

FOR CLERK CRIMINAL COURT,
JAMES M. SCHOOLS.

FOR MARSHAL MUNICIPAL COURT,
D. R. GRACE.

FOR CLERK MUNICIPAL COURT,
M. B. TREZEVANT.

LOUISIANA.

DIMINUTION OF THE SUGAR CROP.

We clip the following from a New Orleans journal. It shows in a few plain words some of the *fruits* of emancipation:

The general predictions are proving wofully at variance with results. The crop of 1864 was 10,500 hhds.; 1865, 18,000 hhds.; 1866, 39,000 hhds. The crop of 1867 is not all in market. It is extremely doubtful if it reaches 38,000 hhds., or as much as last year. The receipts up to this time are a little over 33,000 hhds. The crop this season may reach one-twelfth of that of 1861. There will be a great discrepancy between one-twelfth and three times the yield of the last prolific year. According to Gen. Banks and many others who prognosticated increased yields, that the negroes would cultivate the soil with industry, the crops of sugar this year should be 1,000,000 hhds.; that of last year should have been the same. The most auspicious year for sugar known in Louisiana was 1866.

A suggestion is made for the information of the Bureau officials at Washington. If the Government is so very desirous of aiding the destitute negroes it should come forward and lease or hire all plantations which owners may offer at a rent equal to eight per cent. per annum, send out its thousands of agents, carpet-baggers, and attempt the culture of both cotton and cane. It is not of much use to talk of the future cultivation of the cane in Louisiana. The course of events are tending toward general annihilation, and great Louisiana, that was, will be recorded with the downfall of the Island of Jamaica.

The reader may find one of the most efficient causes of the destruction of Southern Agriculture, in the immense blunder of establishing the Freedmen's Bureau. Of the effects of that wretched monument of commingled knavery and folly, the New Orleans *Times* says:

There is no more striking illustration of the truth of this remark than may be found in the history of this most unhappy contrivance of fanatical or Radical folly, the Freedmen's Bureau, which has been to our freedmen a most fruitful source of misery and wretchedness—and to the society and industry of our section a constant disturbance and cause of trouble. To the ideas and interferences of the agents of this institution the freedmen are indebted for their present houseless, shelterless and impoverished condition. The alienation of their former best friends and employers, the devastation and abandonment of the richest and most productive fields on the continent, the withdrawal of capital, skill and enterprise from our agriculture, are mainly due to the teaching and influence of the emissaries of this Bureau, who were scattered over the South as thick and as destructive as the locusts of Egypt. Wherever there was an agency of the Bureau established, for many miles around the contamination and desolation of its presence and influence was visible in the idle, pernicious, contentious and dissatisfied condition of the freedmen. It is only in remote and secluded localities, where the detestable institution had never reached, that the negro may be found in a happy and contented state, preserving friendly relations with his employer, and working honestly for wages.

The modes by which these results have been accomplished are simple and obvious. The Bureau starts upon the idea that there is a natural antagonism between the whites and blacks in the South. By its every act it inculcates this idea on the impressible mind of the negro. It undertakes to fix and regulate the relations between him and his employers. It presumes, and teaches the negro to presume, that the planter intends to defraud him; it makes him suspicious, and the employer indisposed to exercise to him that liberality which honorable employers find it their interest, as well as their inclination, to cultivate toward their laborers. The freedman, presuming upon the large powers and protection of the Bureau officer, is careless, supercilious and faithless, and the planter, thinking that there is an unjust and insulting surveillance over him, cherishes a bitter resentment against both the freedman and his backer. Such have been the natural operations of a system founded upon the ideas and principles of this Freedmen's Bureau. It is a system that admits of no modification or improvement, being radically unsound.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The following article from the New Orleans *Times*, deals with a subject of quite as much interest to the citizens of Memphis, as to those of New Orleans. "Life Insurance Companies are taking the place of Savings' Banks, to which they are in every way preferable, as a means of securing something to one's family in case of his death. No one can doubt the impolicy of the Legislation of Louisiana and Tennessee, of Shelby county and the city of Memphis, in imposing enormous taxes on these companies, for licenses. We, for ourself, do not believe in the lawfulness of requiring a man to obtain a license to practice a calling or profession or follow a trade, or of compelling a company to have one before it can engage in the business of insurance. That system of taxation is the most unfair and unequal of all; since the taxes imposed on one individual or company may amount to no more than one per cent. on the profits of the business licensed, and those on another to five, ten or twenty per cent. Moreover, we cannot see by what right the United States can require a lawyer to pay them ten dollars for a license to practice law in the State Courts, or how a county or city can compel him to pay for a license, any more than either can demand that every mechanic shall have one, and every woman who proposes to live by sewing, washing or cooking.

Let the Insurance Companies pay the same tax on their nett profits as professional men, merchants and banks pay. There is no other fair taxation, except an ad valorem tax on visible property—if even that is fair, when the property is unproductive. Let insurance companies, banks, street railroads and gas monopolies all be equally and equitably taxed. It *needs* no license to pursue a *lawful* business; and there ought to be none sold to authorize the pursuit of an unlawful and immoral business.

The subject of life insurance begins to attract a large share of public attention in all sections of the country. Here in the South, however, it is receiving less notice than elsewhere, and yet it is here in the South and West, along our great river, that it ought to engage the particular attention of the people. It is here, where epidemics prevail; where thousands are hurried away to that "bourne whence no traveler returns," without opportunity to make the arrangements so necessary, and where the late war, in its fates, for the protection and comfort of the stricken household. At this particular time, it seems to us, this subject should commend itself to every citizen of the South with unusual force. War has swept over our borders with its consuming torch, and floods have drowned the fruits of our industry, until poverty is almost written in every man's face. What man in Louisiana, having a family, can afford to take the hazard of his own life under such circumstances? Poor himself, if he should die, his family would be poorer still, and thrown upon the charities of an already impoverished people. How much better would it be for such a one to have his life insured, and thus make an *absolutely certain* provision for the otherwise helpless family! As we write upon this subject, its importance grows upon our mind, whether viewed in the light of the individual benefits it confers, or in the advantages it offers to society generally, is the prevention of pauperism and consequent crimes. Life insurance is manifestly a public blessing, and should be encouraged equally by the humanitarian and the legislator. The State of Connecticut, famous as having old and solvent insurance companies of all kinds, has made this a subject of special legislative protection and encouragement. There the companies are exempt from taxation, and the most stringent laws provide against defalcation or failure. So we should be here, for every life policy held by a citizen is also an assurance to the community at large that the widow and children of the holder shall not become a public charge. Far different from that of Connecticut has been the legislation of this State. With us it seems to have been the policy to drive out this great public beneficiary. The reader will be astonished at the statement, but it is nevertheless true, that it costs a life insurance company nearly twenty-five hundred dollars for licenses to do business here. This is not only unwise, as being calculated to depress life insurance, but is unreasonable and oppressive. It should be remembered that hundreds of thousands of dollars have been paid out in this State during the past year by foreign life insurance companies, an amount far in excess of the premiums paid on all policies issued to our citizens. And in many instances it was the only relief that saved the widow and orphans from abject poverty. We commend this subject to the attention of our legislators and the public generally.

TENNESSEE ITEMS.

—Cummings and Keith were bound over at Nashville in the sum of $3000 each for stealing Donald Clark's horses and mules.

—The Nashville Bar adopted appropriate resolutions of respect to the memory of Roswell Cary, Esq., late acting United States District Attorney and a member of the Nashville Bar. They say that he was a man of unimpeachable integrity, earnest and zealous in attending to the interest of his clients, candid and truthful and sincerely devoted to his friends.

—R. N. McClam, a Bedford county farmer, was found lying "dead drunk," at the Nashville and Chattanooga depot, by the Police, on the night of the 15th, with $884 in his pockets.

—On Tuesday morning a fire destroyed the dwelling house of Mr. Whitney and the store of Mr. Lacomb. The loss by the fire is not less than $30,000. Mr. Whitney was partly insured.

—The engine and two cars of a freight train, while passing over the trestle connecting the Nashville and Northwestern and Louisville and Nashville roads, on the morning of the 15th, were thrown to the ground by the spreading of the track and badly smashed. No one was injured.

—A Mr. Brink, Cotton Weigher for Giles county, was recently the recipient of a severe chastisement at the hands of a gentleman to whom he had given the "d—d lie." The affair occurred at Lynnville.

ALABAMA ITEMS.

—In relation to the revised registration, the Selma *Times and Messenger* says: "The promised revision of registration proved to be a miserable mockery. In many counties there was not even a pretence of revision. In others, the registrars met in back rooms without previous public notice, and added to and struck from the lists such names as they deemed proper, themselves being candidates. Everywhere it was a sham, holding the word of promise to the ear to break it to the hope. Just least four out of five of the counties of the State, one or more of the registrars are candidates for offices under the proposed Constitution; and four out of five of these registrars are men of no character or of positively bad character—irresponsible under the law, and equally without responsibility to society. These men have registered the votes, are conducting the elections, and will make the returns. Hence we have all the elements of fraud—the motive, the responsibility, the security." The *Messenger* then recites numerous instances of fraudulent voting, by negroes not registered, by negroes under age, and by negroes voting twice and thrice. His concluding comments on Gen. Meade are terrible. It is extensively read. We quote:

"If Gen. Meade has acted upon his own responsibility in this matter, he made himself a party to the progressing fraud, and all the waters of the ocean will not wash the stain from his character; if he has obeyed orders from Washington, he owes it to himself, to his family, to his country, to say so. This whole thing stands naked before the world in all its monstrous proportions, the most shameless fraud ever perpetrated or even attempted under the forms of a Republican Government; and unless he throws the responsibility upon another, his double extension of the time prescribed for its perpetration will identify him forever with it, and his name will become the synonym of infamy wherever it is breathed by honest men."

—The Montgomery *Mail* of the 9th, says: "The Radical election which closed in Alabama last night, and which has been continued from day to day, during the past week, was conceived in fraud, commenced in fraud, and ended in fraud. In a word, the whole proceedings of the Radicals and negroes to force an abominable instrument, illegal in all its bearings, upon the white people of Alabama, was a gigantic farce! If the law-abiding, Constitutional white men of the United States could have witnessed the acts of the adventurers in this State during the past week, they would no longer suffer such creatures to hold power in their hands. Accounts from all portions of the state since the inauguration of this election farce, go to show that the boldest and most unblushing frauds have been committed. Hundreds of negroes in each county, who were under twenty years of age were allowed to vote the Radical ticket, while the names of numbers of white men were stricken from the registry lists. In many of the counties, in consequence of the extension of time, hundreds of negroes were voted twice, and even in some cases three times, by order and under the control of the Radical office-seekers and carpet-baggers."

No. 262 Second Street,
OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

SPECIALS TO APPEAL.

MISSISSIPPI.

STRICKLIN APOLOGISES.

MORGAN APOLOGISES.

A GRAND TABLEAU.

More Sections Adopted.

Meeting of the Democratic State Convention.

Special Dispatch to Memphis Appeal.]

JACKSON, MISS., February 18.—On the assembling of the Convention this morning, Stricklin disclaimed any intention to insult that body. In a moment of undue excitement yesterday, he used unparliamentary language, which, as far as it referred to the Convention, he now retracted.

Morgan rose to a personal explanation. After deliberation, he found his resolution of censure an insult to Mr. Stricklin, for which he was sorry, and asked the gentleman's pardon. Stricklin said he would then withdraw his language as applied to Morgan, ask pardon and meet the gentleman before the Convention—Tableau—Shaking of hands amidst applause from both sides of the house.

Three more sections of the Bill of Rights were adopted.

A Democratic Convention meets here to-morrow.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, February 18.—The Reconstruction Committee held a meeting this morning. The first proposition presented for consideration was to remove the disabilities of Mr. Butler, claiming to be a Representative from Tennessee, and that by suspending the test oath in his case he might be admitted to a seat in the House.

Brooks moved to include John Young Brown, of Kentucky, within the scope of the resolution, not because he considered Brown a rebel, but because the House had declared that he gave aid, comfort and support to the rebellion, and therefore was ineligible to a seat, Butler and Brown being thus precluded from the House on similar grounds. Brooks' amendment was rejected by a party vote.

During the discussion it was said that Brown had not asked to be pardoned.

Brooks replied that this was true, but still the Committee had decided to remove the disabilities of Gov. Holden and nine or ten others, who had not made personal application for that purpose.

Stevens, of Pennsylvania, said the Committee had acted too hastily on the subject and asked for further time.

The bill introduced yesterday by Bingham for the admission of Alabama, was considered for a short time. Stevens thought that action should be delayed until they could learn all the facts. He believed that a general bill, applicable to all the Southern States, should be passed, instead of acting upon each State separately.

Stevens submitted a bill for the division of Texas into three States, and providing that the Convention about assembling in that State shall fix the boundaries of the new States; and further, that each of them have the same Constitution. He thought there ought to be four or five States carved out of the Texas territory, but said he would be content with three. Stevens will report this bill to the House, that it may be printed and referred back to the Committee for revision, if necessary.

Higgins, a Bureau officer, has appeared and made complaint against Gen. Gillem's action in connection with a court-martial which acquitted a man named Johnson for the murder of a negro. His narrative was listened to attentively, but led to no action on the part of the Committee.

A Sub-Committee of the Ways and Means Committee is in session on the details and phraseology of a new tax bill, which will not be reported for several weeks.

The amount of gold in the Treasury to-day is $104,000,000, including $28,700,000 payable in gold certificates. The balance of $75,300,000 belongs exclusively to the United States. It is estimated that the receipts in gold from customs from this day to the 1st of May will be $28,000,000, making an aggregate of $130,000,000, out of which there is due on the 1st of March $450,000 on the 10-40 bonds, and on the 1st of May about $27,000,000 for interest due on 5-20 bonds, leaving a balance on hand of gold, after paying all expenses, of $98,500,000, or of $71,000,000 with the coin certificates deducted. These estimates are in case no sales of gold are made between these periods.

Notwithstanding the retrenchment going on in the War Department, the pressure for appointments continues as great as ever. Applications are coming in from discharged soldiers or their widows. They invariably meet with the response that "it is impossible to make additional appointments; and that it is even contemplated, at an early day, to make a further and large decrease in the force of the Department."

Notice has been given to the British Postoffice Department, that on and after the first of March a single rate of postage for letters between the United States and the East Indies and England, will be charged at twenty-eight cents per half ounce, and thirty-six cents *via* Southampton, and thirty-six cents *via* Marseilles, prepayment being compulsory.

The House Military Committee has decided to report the Senate bill giving pay and bounties to the ten regiments of the Missouri State Guard, called out during the rebellion.

The Judiciary Committee has authorized Lawrence to report a bill organizing the Law Department, under the control of the Attorney-General.

Gens. Grant and Howard were on the floor of the House to-day.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs to-day considered various propositions, and with a view to harmonize the conflicting views on the subject of protecting the rights of American citizens abroad, they will report an entirely new bill. Several of the members of the committee were adverse to declaring the right of expatriation, on the ground that this was a principle so firmly fixed in this country as not to require its re-assertion, but the majority decided to insert it in the new bill, all decisions of the courts everywhere to the contrary notwithstanding.

The following official order has just been issued from the State Department:

WASHINGTON, February 18, 1868.

It is recommended to all citizens of the United States, native or naturalized, who have occasion to visit Great Britain or Ireland, to procure passports from this Department while the writ of Habeas Corpus remains suspended in the latter country, as citizens of the United States who are unjustly arrested are liable to be detained until they can procure and produce legal evidence of their citizenship.

(Signed) W. H. SEWARD.

The State Department has received dispatches from Japan confirming the accounts published on Monday. All the Foreign Representatives are at Osaca with the Tycoon.

FROM VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, February 18.—The Convention was chiefly engaged to-day on the oyster question. It was resolved to tax the amount of sales. During the debate a member called another a scoundrel.

A proposition to appoint a committee to devise means to complete the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad was tabled.

The Radical State Committee met here to-day.

A nominating convention will be called to meet in this city five days after the adjournment of the Constitutional Convention. The names of Hawthurst, of Alexandria; Rives of Albemarle; E. Rice, of Shenandoah, and Thomas O. N. Henry, are spoken of in connection with the Governorship.

FROM CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, S. C., February 18.—In the Convention to-day, twenty additional sections of the Constitution were adopted. A long discussion took place in regard to the Homestead law, which proposes the exemption of $2500 worth of homesteads from sales, for all debts for the present, past or future.

Senator Wilson has telegraphed from Washington that Congress will not loan $1,000,000 to the State to purchase lands for the poor.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, February 18.—Pomeroy introduced a bill to amend the postal laws and increase the efficiency of the postal service. Referred.

The Senate passed the House bills to reduce the expenses of the War Department, and for the general reduction of the military force, etc. Both have been already published.

Cotten, from the Committee on Finance, reported adversely to the House bill forbidding the designation as public depositories any national bank within fifty miles of where an Assistant Treasurer is located.

The resolution for the admission of Thomas, of Maryland, then came up as the special order.

HOUSE.

Butler introduced a bill to amend the act establishing National Banks, in reference to voting by proxies, etc. Referred.

Starkweather introduced a bill placing $500,000 in the hands of the Secretary of State, to relieve the wants and defray the expenses of the destitute citizens of the United States, imprisoned in foreign countries, without justice, and discharged without trial or acquittal. Passed by 42 to 29.

On the motion of Kerr, the President was requested to communicate any report in reference to the ship canal around the falls of the Ohio.

The House then resumed the consideration of the bills already published, giving pensions to certain surviving soldiers of the War of 1812.

During the debate Loan, of New York, stated that the amount to be paid under the bill would not exceed $2,000,000 per year. After further debate, in which Washburn, of Illinois, was the chief opponent, the bill passed; after which the House went into a Committee of the Whole, on the Legislative Appropriation bill.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, February 18.—In the Convention to-day, an ordinance was offered regulating weights and measures. Laid over.

The Committee on Style and Arrangements offered a lengthy report, describing so many alterations and amendments that one member said the Convention could hardly recognize its own creation in the Constitution, as reported by the Committee, and moved to recommit the report. This led to a confused discussion, and the report was recommitted, with intimations to have the Constitution printed without any change whatever, for a comparison with the copy as amended by the Committee, thus cutting out work for an indefinite period. The Convention then discovered they had adopted no preamble to the Constitution, and discussed the matter for two hours and adjourned.

FROM FLORIDA.

TALLAHASSEE, February 18.—The Convention to-day reorganized, on the basis proposed by Gen. Meade. There is much excitement among the delegates and loyalists. Gen. Meade had a conference with the leaders of the majority and minority, and made a plan for conciliation and harmony, which the majority immediately accepted, and also, after a little hesitation, by the minority. They are as follows: The Presidents of both wings are to resign; the four delegates declared ineligible by the majority are to take their seats, and the four delegates declared eligible are to resign. The majority is to decide all questions on eligibility, which is to be decided in full Convention.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, February 28.—The bill for the regulation of the press is still under discussion in the French Legislature. The debate yesterday was on the question to treat all journals with the strictest impartiality, which was defeated by a small majority.

BERLIN, February 18.—Count Bismarck proposes the establishment of different ports in Germany of Boards of Federal Affairs, to examine into the condition of ships bound for America, with efforts to prevent a repetition of the Lebrun horror and its immediate cause. This is a salutary step.

FROM LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, February 18.—Horace Greeley lectured here to-night on the subject of "Self-made Men."

Hon. John McCreary was elected U. S. Senator to-day by the Kentucky Legislature. The vote stood: McCreary, 110; Barnes, Radical, 9; Harding, third party, 5. McCreary has always been a Democrat and has a clean record.

FROM ALABAMA.

MONTGOMERY, February 18.—Official returns from forty-two counties have been received at District headquarters, but under order of Gen. Meade, publication of them is refused. The whole vote of the State on the question of ratification, estimated from partial returns, is about 72,000—white voters less than 5000. One-half of the registration is 84,000.

FROM SYRACUSE, N. Y.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., February 18.—In the municipal election to-day Charles Anderson, Republican, was elected Mayor by about 100 majority. The entire Republican ticket was elected by increased majorities.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, February 18.—Flour and Wheat quiet and unchanged. Pork, $23 25@23 50; Bulk Shoulders, 9c; Sides, 11c; Bacon Shoulders, 10½; Clear Sides, 12½@12¾. Lard, 14c. Groceries steady.

Whole number of hogs packed this season, 356,381 head. Average weight, 200 pounds. Average leaf lard, 25 pounds, showing a falling off as compared with last year, of 19 770 head—22 pounds average weight and 5½ in lard.

NEW YORK, February 18.—Cotton is fully 1c better; sales 12,000 bales; Uplands, 23½@24c. Rice dull. Coffee quiet. Sugar firm; Cuba, 12@12¾.

The dry goods house of G. A. Hicks & Co. has suspended. Sprague prints, 14½c; Cochico and Merrimack D, 14c; heavy brown sheetings, 12c.

Money is unchanged and very easy. Sterling, 9½@9¾. Gold, 140½@140¾. Old Tennessee, 66c; new, 62½c.

LOUISVILLE, February 18.—Tobacco steady and firm; sales 150 hhds; lugs, $5 50@7; common to medium leaf, $8@15; fine leaf, $20@50. Cotton excited, 21@22c. Superfine flour, $8@8 25; fancy, $12 50@13. Wheat, $2 50. Oats, 67@68c. Corn, 75@78c.

NEW ORLEANS, February 18.—Cotton buoyant and advanced; middlings, 24c; sales 7000 bales; receipts, 5302 bales; exports, 4163 bales. Sterling sight, 52@53. New York sight, ½c discount. Gold, 40¼. Sugar and molasses firmer.

ST. LOUIS, February 18.—In view of the speedy resumption of navigation south, the markets are more active. Flour steady; superfine, $7@7 75. Red and white winter wheat, $2 50@2 65. Corn, 72@80c. Oats, 68@72c. Pork, $22 50@23. Bacon shoulders, 9@10c; clear sides, 13½@14c; plain sugar cured hams, 15½c. Lard firm but quiet, 13½c.

LIVERPOOL, February 18.—Cotton closed active and higher; middling uplands, 9¾d; Orleans, 9¾d; sales, 20,000 bales. Advices from Manchester favorable. Market for goods and yarns buoyant.

LONDON, February 18.—Consols closed at 92¾@92¾; five-twenties, 71¾; Illinois Central, 83½; Erie, 49¾.

FRANKFORT, February 18.—Bonds, 75¾.

Cable Humor.

The London cable reporter is a jocose chap and don't mind making the victims of his little pleasantries pay handsomely for the fun. An evidence of this was given when the press was made to pay cable rates for a magnificent achievement of the Fenians in the capture of a Martello tower, many supposing it to be a kind of improved Redan or Malakoff. The joke was only perceptible when the tower in question was ascertained to be a mere watch-box for the coast guard, and was sheltering at the time of its capture only two or three scared guards-men. But this is not quite as bad as his last perpetration, that the "Fenians had blown up the gates of Cork," which had an existence only in the fertile brain of this funny correspondent. What form his next joke will take it is impossible, at this distance, to form a conception in advance, but as we are doomed to have it in one shape or another, we hope he will waste as few words as possible in communicating it, as words by cable are expensive luxuries.

An Effective Answer.

The New York *Herald* thinks that the result of the election in the Eighth District shows that the people are opposed to Pendleton. If the fact that both the successful and the unsuccessful candidate were pledged to the financial policy which he advocates with so much ability and disinterestedness, indicates it, then the *Herald* is right, but not otherwise. The fact is the election shows that no fight can be made against Mr. Pendleton, except by indorsing his views. A candidate not on his platform will have no supporters in Ohio or the West. The *Herald* can put this in its pipe and smoke it.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

—Governor Brownlow, by proclamation, has declared the registration of Gibson county void. Fraud in the registration is the ostensible reason; but manipulation for the benefit of Radicalism is what's the matter.

MARRIED.

SCHAPER—HANDWERKER.—On the evening of the 18th inst., at the residence of the bride's mother, Chelsea, Mr. FRED. C. SCHAPER to Miss LIZZIE HANDWERKER, both of this city.

Such is the fate of man. Who would have believed our genial and accomplished friend could have fallen a victim to the mercilers shafts of the Archer-God! While we deeply mourn his departure from the ranks of single-blessedness, we cannot but congratulate him on his success in securing as a prize one of Chelsea's fairest daughters.

"His home she enters, there to be a light,
Shining within when all without is night;
A guardian angel o'er his life presiding,
Doubling his pleasure, and his cares dividing."

AMICUS.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

FLURNOY.—The friends and acquaintances of Capt. George Flournoy, of Laconia, Ark., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of his wife, FANNIE A., from the residence of her mother, Mrs. J. P. Blackburn, on the corner of Vance and Orleans streets, This Afternoon at 3 o'clock. Services by Rev. Dr. Ford.

DIED.

ANDERSON—February 17, 1868, LOUISA C. ANDERSON, infant daughter of Captain J. A. Anderson, aged 19 months and 17 days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

MASONIC NOTICE.—The Officers and Members of Hermes and Mithras Lodges of Perfection, on Nos. 1 and 2, are hereby notified to attend a special communication of those lodges, held in conjunction, at the Hall of Cyrene Commandery No. 4, this Wednesday Evening, at 7 o'clock, for labor in the 11th and 12th degrees. The officers and members are requested to meet promptly.

All members of the A.·. and A.·. R.·. Rite in good standing are fraternally invited.

By order of

R. P. WOODARD, T.·. P.·. G.·. M.·.
GEO. MELLERSH, T.·. P.·. G.·. M.·.

Attest:
C. M. CARROLL, Secretary.
S. D. MCCLURE. feb18 1t

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, a certain notice was published by the Board of Underwriters, offering a reward of $2500 for the arrest and conviction of parties guilty of arson, this is to notify the public that said notice was made without authority. J. G. LONSDALE, President.
feb19 3t Memphis Board of Underwriters.

Fruit Trees for Sale.

PEACH Trees one year from bud, from 2 to 3 feet high. Fruit best quality, from earliest to latest, embracing Hale's early Apples, Pears, Cherries, Grapes and Strawberries. Small Fruits by the dozen, hundred or thousand. Trees and Plants carefully packed. Address JOHN PERKINS, Nursery and Fruit Farm, Moorestown, N. J. Catalogues and Price List gratis.
feb19

Competition the Life of Trade.

H. A. MONTGOMERY. THOMAS GRAVES.

H. A. MONTGOMERY & CO.,
MEMPHIS COTTON PRESS,
124 and 126 Madison Street.

We Compress Cotton, and guarantee satisfaction.
feb19 1w

DE SOTO
Insurance and Trust Company
OF MEMPHIS,
Office in Company's Building, No. 42 Madison street.

CAPITAL, : $300,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Wm. M. Farrington, W. R. Galbreath,
John Johnson, C. B. Church,
J. J. Rawlings, Chas. Goyer,
W. B. Greenlaw.

WM. M. FARRINGTON, President.
J. G. LONSDALE, Secretary.

This Company Insures against loss by Fire, Marine and River Risks. feb18 3m

Notice

IS hereby given, that by virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to me by H. W. Peter and Belle Peter, his wife, on the 9th day of December, 1867, and duly recorded in the Recorder's office of Crittenden county, Arkansas, in Record Book L., pages 209, 210 and 291, to which reference is hereby made, I will,

On the 12th Day of March, 1868,

Offer for sale, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, on the premises, the following described property, to-wit: The south half of the Spanish grant No. 2327, originally confirmed to Jean Forcheraud, containing 136 11-100 acres, and forty-eight and one-half acres off of the north end of the Spanish Grant No. 2325, originally confirmed to Justo Martin.
feb19 20t GEORGE G. MAGAN, Trustee.

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.

No. 295—Newton Ford vs. W. H. Gaynor et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant, W. H. Gaynor is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, and whose place of residence is unknown:

It is therefore ordered, That he make his appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on the first Monday in April 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing exparte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

A copy.—Attest:
A. G. CARTER, Clerk and Master.
L. B. MCFARLAND, Solicitor for Complainant.
feb19 law4w

SOUTHERN PLOW WORKS,
No. 161 Madison St., Memphis,
Plows, Sweeps, Scrapers.

GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES—CLOSING out below cost.

Clipper Plows, Steel, No. 2	$8 00
Calhoun "	7 00
Diamond "	7 00
Diamond "	6 50
Shovels	6 00
Sweeps on Iron, Steel, No. 2	6 00
Sweeps on Wood, "	5 50
Bull Tongues, "	6 00
Avery Pattern, "	5 00

Farmers will do well to call and examine stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.
feb19 1w

APPEAL JOB OFFICE!

FINE PRINTING

—AT THE—

LOWEST RATES.

WE now have in connection with the APPEAL a complete

JOB OFFICE,

And feel confident we can do

MERCANTILE, STEAMBOAT,

—AND—

RAILROAD PRINTING

In a style unsurpassed by any office in the South, and at

THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Appeal Job Office.

Business Cards,
Business Cards,
Business Cards,
Business Cards,

Visiting Cards,
Visiting Cards,
Visiting Cards,
Visiting Cards,

Wedding Cards,
Wedding Cards,
Wedding Cards,
Wedding Cards,

—AT—

Reduced Prices

—AT THE—

APPEAL JOB OFFICE.

SUBURBAN LAND
FOR SALE AND LEASE.

BEING DESIROUS OF DISPOSING OF MY Land, situated about three miles east of the city, in a manner to suit the times, I offer in lots of about five acres or more, upon the following

EASY TERMS:

One-tenth payable on the 1st of January, 1869, and the balance in nine equal annual instalments, bearing six per cent. interest, the purchaser to contract, within a fixed time, improvements of a stipulated value;

Or, one-tenth cash, and the balance in ten equal annual payments, bearing interest, the purchaser's life to be insured at my expense to the amount of the principal of the debt, and in case of his death before the full settlement of the debt, the remainder of it to be canceled, and a fee simple deed to be made to his heirs;

Or, I will give a perpetual lease, the lessee paying an annual rent at the rate of six per cent. on an agreed valuation, and having the privilege of buying the land at any time, by paying the amount of the valuation, but binding himself to construct thereon improvements of a stipulated value.

I will also lease for a term of five or ten years, to applicants able to give satisfactory references for good character, a certain quantity of the same tract of land, for cultivation which I will furnish the necessary fencing.

My RESIDENCE LOT, one of the handsomest and most eligibly situated of any in the vicinity of Memphis, is also for sale cheap, for cash, or on the usual time.

Apply to Messrs. ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO., or to myself at their office, 276 Second st.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

276 SECOND STREET.

ARE NOW OFFERING FOR RENT, AT very low rates, several of the most desirable Residences in the city and suburbs, viz:

The splendid Residence of Mrs. S. B. Cherry, on Rayburn avenue. Lot 8½ acres, 2 miles south of Court Square.

The very desirable Residence, with 5 acres, of Mrs. Woolridge, on Rayburn avenue.

The fine Brick Residence of Mr. Wm. H. Grider, corner Georgia and Seventh streets; 8 good rooms. Lot 180 by 300 feet.

Mrs. Bullock's beautiful suburban Cottage, 6 large rooms, etc.; 8 acre lot; corner Kerr avenue and Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

Two elegant new Brick Residences, corner Butler and Shelby streets—large and very desirable; 8 or 10 rooms each.

Two Framed Dwellings on Butler, between Shelby and Main streets—6 and 8 rooms.

Two-story Framed Tenement on Tennessee street, north of Calhoun—4 rooms.

Brick Dwelling, No. 122 Vance street—4 rooms.

Two-story Brick Cottage, No. 33 Avery street; 4 rooms, kitchen, cistern, etc.

The large two-story Dwelling, No. 493 Shelby street—very desirable neighborhood.

A new Framed Tenement on Spring street, Dr. Dunn's subdivision—6 or 7 rooms.

Suburban Cottage, 4 rooms, etc., on Kerr avenue, east of Hernando road.

No. 58½ on Marshall avenue—7 or 8 rooms.

The Dr. Rose Cottage, corner of Madison and Bayliss streets.

The beautiful suburban Residence of Mrs. C. G. Richardson, on Bess avenue. This is a very desirable place.

The large Framed Residence, corner of Manassas and Bass streets, with large shady yard and fine garden.

Beautiful Framed Cottage on Bass avenue; second house west of the Jewish Cemetery.

The large Dwelling southwest corner of Main and Beal—very convenient to business.

Mrs. Kate Costen's fine two story Brick, 16 rooms, all in complete order, corner of Mill and Sixth streets, Chelsea.

The large and elegant Residence of Mr. Wm. G. Ford, in Chelsea, with 22 acres.

The large Brick Residence, with 23½ acres, on Memphis and Charleston Rail

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR CONSTABLE 8TH CIVIL DISTRICT. We are authorized to announce JAMES O'CONNOR as a candidate for the office of Constable of the 8th Civil District, at the ensuing March election. feb19 te

FDS.APPEAL: You will please announce my name as an INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE for re-election to the office of STATE AND COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR, subject to the decision of the voters of shelby county.

PHILIP GARVIN.

Memphis, February 17, 1868. feb18 te

CITY papers please copy and send bill to office.

JOHN P. BAUGHER announces himself as a candidate for CONSTABLE in the 4th Civil District, subject to the decision of the Conservative Convention. feb18 te

FDS. APPEAL: In obedience to what I am advised is the general desire of the people, I announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of SHERIFF OF SHELBY COUNTY, subject to the decision of the Democratic conservative Convention.

P. M. WINTERS.

feb14 te

FOR MARSHAL OF THE MUNICIPAL COURT.—We are authorized to announce JAMES READY as a candidate for Marshal at the ensuing March election, subject to the decision of the Conservative convention. feb11 te

WE are authorized to announce F. C. SHEPHERSON as a candidate for County Commissioner at the ensuing election in March, subject to the nomination of the Conservative party. feb11 te

FDS. APPEAL: We are requested to announce JAMES H. RYAN as a candidate for Marshal of the Municipal Court, subject to the nomination of the Conservative Convention. feb4 tf

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—WM. M. BARNETT is a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the nomination of the Conservative party.

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Trustee—subject to the nomination of the Conservative Convention of Shelby county.

January 24, 1868. GEO. C. HOLMES.

WE are authorized to announce D. R. CRACE as a candidate for the office of Marshal of Municipal Court, subject to the decision of the Conservative convention. feb7 te

FOR TAX COLLETOR. We are authorized to announce PHILIP GARVIN as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, at the election in March next. jan18 te

CLERK OF COMMON LAW AND CRIMINAL COURT.—We are authorized to announce F. L. WARNER as a candidate for Criminal and Common Law Court Clerk, subject to the nomination of the Conservative convention. jan9 te

WE are authorized to announce Mr. JOHN SUTTON as a candidate for re-election to the office of constable of the 5th Civil District of Shelby county. jan19 te

FOR COUNTY TRUSTEE.—*Messrs. Editors Appeal:* You will please announce my name as a candidate for County Trustee of Shelby county, Tennessee, at the ensuing March election, subject to nomination of the Conservative party. Respectfully,

A. WOODWARD.

jan15 te

FOR COUNTY REGISTER. In response to the call of my friends, I announce myself a candidate for County Register at the ensuing March election, subject to the conclusion of the Democratic Conservative party.

jan15 te W. L. STEWART.

THOMAS W. REILLY is announced as candidate for Register of Deeds for Shelby county at the ensuing March election. jan14 te

FOR SALE.—TWENTY-FIVE (25) FINE MULES. Tuffin, Finney & Co. have for sale (25) fine MULES—age, 4 to 7 years. Call at No. 15 Union block, 1st, up-stairs, Rooms No. 11 and 12. feb18 tf

FOR SALE.—The Houses and Lot in La Grange, Tenn., owned by Mrs. S. E. Cotten, opposite the Episcopal Church. Said lot has on it two dwelling houses and garden. Can be occupied by one or two families. Has been newly shingled, plastered and painted since the war. There is a good well of water. Large smoke-house and excellent garden spot. Terms, three thousand dollars, one-third cash, and balance in eighteen months. Address Mrs. S. E. COTTEN, University Place, Franklin county, Tennessee. feb6 2w

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The Malone (or old Cleveland) Plantation, situated on the bank of the river, a few miles below Sunflower Landing, Mississippi. Six or seven hundred acres in cultivation, with good farming implements to lend plow stock, and 1000 to 1500 bushels corn. This is one of the highest places on the river. Apply to PARTEE & HARBERT, No. 14 Monroe street. jan28 tm

WANTS.

WANTED.—To exchange a No. 1 fine Gold Watch for Office and Bedroom Furniture, same to be sold at Uhrig's Jewelry Store. Inquire at room 13 Whitehorne House. feb19 3t

WANTED.—A GERMAN GARDNER, one who understands the culture of Hops, to go to North Alabama. A single man preferred, but no objection to man with a small family. Good reference required. Apply at the office of Goyoso House, This Morning, from 10 to 12 o'clock. feb18 2t

WANTED TO RENT.—A Cottage Residence containing four or five rooms and a Kitchen, within a few minutes walk of the Square. Address W. J. M., Appeal office. feb17

WANTED.—A graduate of the University of Virginia in the Schools of Ancient and Modern Languages, Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, who has had an experience of eight years as a Teacher in Virginia, desires a position in a College or Academy, or as Principal of a Select School. Satisfactory references given, in Virginia and Tennessee. Address PROFESSOR, care Col. Jos. R. Mosby, Somerville, Tenn. feb2 8w

WANTED.—A NO. 1 COTTON PLANTATION. I desire to exchange a well-improved suburban residence, 2½ miles from Court Square, for a good Cotton Plantation in Mississippi or Arkansas river lands preferred. Must be above overflow. Address U. S. A., care T. A. Nelson & Co., Memphis, Tenn. jan21tf

WANTED—To Rent, a HOUSE, within two squares of Court Square, containing five or six rooms, besides Kitchen and Servant's room, for which a liberal rent will be paid by a good tenant. Address M. A., Appeal office. jan17

WANTED.—A situation as Book Keeper by an old citizen, and fully competent. Will also up all books and open new ones, or do any other kind of writing. Best of references given. Address "FRANK," care of Appeal office. dec22tf

INFORMATION WANTED—OF MARY J. HARRISON and Child, the Widow and Daughter of Wm. Harrison, Plasterer, who was murdered in Nashville, Tenn., on the 3d of May, 1856. If living, and will correspond with the undersigned, they will hear of something to their advantage. Address D. BAILEY, Merchant Tailor, Savannah, Ga., Box 188. jan3

REMOVAL.

THE General Southern Freight Office of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has been removed from the old stand to

No. 266 Front Row, over

The well known house of Toof, Phillips & Co.

Through Bills Lading given to all Eastern cities. Rates as low and time as quick as by any other route.

G. R. BLANCHARD, General Freight Agent, Baltimore.

H. F. BECKERT, Western Agent, Cincinnati.

E. D. COBB, Agent,

se24 Baltimore & Ohio Railroad

LILLY BROS.,

Corner Second and Union Sts.,

DEALERS IN

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES, Liquors, Cigars, etc., etc. We keep constantly on hand the best quality and choicest brands of all goods in our line, both foreign and domestic, and sell at lowest rates for cash. All family supplies delivered promptly, free of charge.

LILLY BROS.,

feb9 1m Cor. Second and Union streets, New Court building.

W. P. GRAY,

DRUG STORE,

No. 59 Adams Street.

ALL kinds of Drugs, Toilet articles, Perfumery, etc. Prescriptions carefully prepared, both day and night. jan5 1m

Notice.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED, EITHER BY note or account, to the firm of P. L. Buette immediately and make payment, or they will be put in the hands of proper officers for collection. All creditors are also hereby notified to present their claims for adjustment.

A. FISHER, Assignee.

Memphis, January 29, 1868. jan30 1f

Notice to Tax Payers.

THE Tax Book for the Forty-first Corporate Year has been made up as it affects the original eight wards of the city. Through the next ten days this book will be open for inspection and correction at Esquire Richards' office, in the Exchange Building. Property-holders in the Ninth and Tenth Wards are earnestly requested to furnish the Assessors with maps, plans and sub-divisions of lots in the two wards, so that there may be no mistakes, in the assessment or ownership, made in the assessment now in progress.

JOHN PARK,

JACOB BAUM, Assessors.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office—No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

Through Mail (daily)..... ARRIVE. DEPART.
Corinth and Grand Junction ..... 2:50 p.m. 4:30 p.m
Accommodation, daily ..... 9:27 p.m. 10:00 a.m
Superior Accommodation (daily except Sunday)..... 8:40 a.m. 5:00 p.m

Railroad Time 15 to 20 minutes faster than city time.

Ticket office No. 278 Main street and at Depot.

W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

DEPART. ARRIVE.
Day Express ..... 7:30 a.m. 4:30 p.m.
Night Express ..... 7:30 p.m. 6:30 a.m.

Railroad Time 15 minutes faster than city time.

Ticket offices No. 278½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.

SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

ARRIVE. DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily ..... 4:30 p.m. 4:40 p.m.
Sardis accom'n Ex Sunday ..... 8:50 a.m. 1:50 p.m.
Freight, daily, save Sunday ..... 3:15 p.m. 5:45 a.m.

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.

C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Agt. jan

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cairo Branch, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities north and west, at 2:30 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 12:45 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 3:15 p.m.

All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 3:30 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads at 3:30 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville, and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 12:45 p.m.

For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings in Arkansas and White rivers (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi rivers—north, (semi-weekly) Mondays and Fridays.

R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

REMOVAL.

Our friends will remember that the APPEAL BUSINESS OFFICE is now located at **No. 13 Jefferson street.**

The EDITORIAL ROOMS of the APPEAL have been removed to No. 14 Jefferson street, up-stairs, where we will be glad to see our friends at all times.

Bills Lading Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

Directory of Conservative Colored Men Seeking Employment.

MARENGO JOHNSON, 1 Want to work on a BURLEY MITCHELL, } farm.
HENRY HAYWOOD, house servant or steward.
BRITTON BINES, old and faithful house servant.
WM. HUTCHINS, EDW. CRAWFORD,
EDW. SNEED, HOSEA PARHAM,
MOSES CROSBY, WM. FOSTER,
HARVEY BROWN, JOHN POOL.
JAMES NEWTON.

BARBERS TO BE PATRONIZED.

NED ADAMS, 357½ Main street.
NICK ALEXANDER, 4 Jefferson street.
WILLIAM DE MOSES, 15½ Court street.

Bill Heads Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

INDICTED.—Michael McHenry and Mike Hanley, charged with robbing Jack Walsh, a day or two since, of the sum of $450, were indicted yesterday by the grand jury.

DUSTY STREETS.—Yesterday the dust on our streets moved in clouds. Had Capt. Tom Duffin's sprinklers been only pedestrians would not have been nearly choked.

GRAND LARCENY.—Mr. Justice Hall tried a case of grand larceny yesterday, the result of which was, that a colored individual, called Henry Fielder, was sent up in default of bonds to the amount of $2000.

PICKING A POCKET.—A negro vagabond, called Morris Brown, was arrested yesterday, charged with picking the pocket of a white gentleman named J. W. Heck. The accused will be examined to-morrow by Mr. Justice Gibson.

STEALING THE LAW.—Some person who had no fear of the wrath of Justice Moore, entered that official's office yesterday and abstracted a copy of the Code. The 'Squire would be glad to have the volume returned.

NEW JAIL.—The magnificent new jail is about finished, and all visitors who wish to examine it will be welcomed by Mr. Powers, the contractor.

We take an interest in our public institutions will do well to avail themselves of this invitation.

FOREIGN-BORN CITIZENS.—We are advised that foreign-born citizens can procure their first papers (declaring their intention) by calling at John Donovan's office in the Greenlaw block, on Second street. By procuring such papers they can secure their voting papers.

BURIED YESTERDAY.—Jas. Cunningham, who is said to have been shot some few nights ago by Pat Winters, was buried yesterday evening. He was about twenty-eight years of age and was favorably known as a brave soldier in the Twenty-First Regiment of the late Confederate army.

STORE ROBBERY.—The store of L. Pedesta, on Madison, between Second and Third streets, was entered yesterday morning and two thousand cigars, as well as fifteen dollars in currency, was stolen. The robbers gained entrance by forcing open the front door. No arrests have as yet been made.

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

HORSE THIEF CAUGHT.—A stuttering fellow from Mississippi, who is darker in complexion than an autumn twilight, was arrested yesterday for stealing stock in one of the conquered provinces. He was arrested by detective Connell, gives his name as Floyd Walker, and is held for requisition.

COTTON PRESS.—Owing to the enterprise of Messrs. H. A. Montgomery & Co., 184 Madison street, the price for compressing cotton has been reduced from $1 50 per bale to $1. They are prepared to execute all orders with dispatch, and guarantee to give satisfaction. Those having business in their line will do well to give them a trial.

IMPRISONED.—Edmond Willis, the negro arrested some days since, charged with disturbing a religious gathering in Chelsea, on Sunday last, was brought before Justice Gibson yesterday for trial, and after examination, was fined fifteen dollars and cost. Not having the stamps, he was ordered to lay it out at the expense of the county.

FIRE.—Yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock a fire broke out in a small stable building in the rear of Mrs. Mary Johnson's residence on Exchange street, between Front and Second. The building was occupied by a man named John Booth. The loss will not probably exceed three hundred dollars. We do not learn of any insurance.

THE BOYS IN BLUE.—Two of the *gallant* boys in blue, who delight in taking anything but a town lot or a red hot stove, are accused of entering the residence of J. Wilt, on Winchester street, yesterday morning, and stealing two table cloths. The police made the arrest. One of the parties gave his name as J. Myer, the other said he was a soldier—nothing more.

NEW LAW FIRM.—A new and strong legal firm is announced in our columns. John Hallum, Esq., Gen. J. R. Chalmers and T. D. Turley, Esq., have formed a business connection. The former are two well known as lawyers of the first standing and gentlemen of the highest position. The last named is the son of one of our most distinguished citizens and jurists deceased.

Bills Lading Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

DISHONEST SERVANT.—Complaint was made to the Police in the Second District, yesterday morning, that a negro woman named Nancy, who had been nursing Mrs. Jas. Davis, on South street, had stolen four hundred dollars in currency and a diamond pin valued at five hundred dollars. The accused was arrested, a portion of the money and the diamond pin recovered, also a box of clothing said to have been purchased by the culprit, who confessed her guilt. She will probably come before a J. P. to-day.

CHEAP PRINTING.—The APPEAL Job Office has now facilities for turning out all kinds of mercantile printing at lower

AMUSEMENTS.

THE BLACK CROOK.—This great spectacular play still holds the boards at the New Memphis theater. It was produced last night to a very large and fashionable audience. The acting was good, the play ran smoothly, and the scenic effects were excellent, particularly in the cataract and dew drop scenes. The latter is especially good.

ROBINSON'S CIRCUS.—Last night as well as yesterday afternoon, the large canvas was visited by thousands, who were highly gratified by the excellent performances, and the large and varied collection of animals. The equestrian act of the little girl, Cordelia, was wonderful and greeted with rapturous applause. The performances will be repeated this afternoon and evening.

BENEFIT OF THE POOR.—Mr. Robinson has generously offered the proceeds of his Circus and Menagerie, which have been so highly appreciated here, for the benefit of the poor of the city. The offer has been accepted through Mrs. Pickett and Mrs. D. K. McKee, who will appoint suitable persons to sell the tickets and receive the money. It is to be hoped that this liberality on the part of Mr. Robinson will be met by a corresponding liberality on the part of our citizens in contributing to this charitable effort.

A SWINDLER ON THE WING—STOP HIM!—We were very much astonished to learn from a gentleman who had just arrived from Louisville, that an *attache* and correspondent of the APPEAL was parading of and doubtless enjoying the hospitalities of the Louisville Hotel. Soon after, two hotel envelopes were received from Louisville—one containing two *blank* half sheets of letter paper and the other the following note:

LOUISVILLE, February 13, 1868.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

I am on the wing. Good time getting here by way of Nashville. Met our young and gallant friend, C. T. Geoghegan, one of nature's noblemen. Murphy and the balance of the crowd at the Louisville are all right. You will hear from me when I reach Chicago.

Yours.

Below the note is the signature "L. B. Feuld." No such individual, or any other, is licensed to travel on the character of the APPEAL. We shall announce any correspondent, whom we may authorize to act in that capacity, and regret exceedingly that a scamp should have imposed upon any of our friends in the character of our correspondent. He left this city in very good order, having been charged with robbing a safe and held to bail in the sum of $6000, which he is likely to forfeit. If his sureties are not on the alert, he will leave them in the lurch, as there can be little expectation of his returning here to answer the pending charge.

REGISTER.—Let every white man be on hand early this morning at the Register's office, in the store lately occupied by M. C. Cayce, on Main street, between Union and Gayoso. It is important to procure certificates. Let every man who takes an interest in the white man's government be on hand this morning at 9 o'clock.

A DARING OUTRAGE.—A planter named Jasper Daisy, who resides near Collierville, engaged five negroes yesterday to work on his plantation. When within about four miles of the farm, the negroes attacked Mr. Daisy and rifled his person of the sum of four hundred dollars in greenbacks and one hundred and forty dollars in State money. Police were advised of the robbery, and are on the look-out for the criminals.

HOT SPRINGS.—It will be gratifying for those who expect to visit the above celebrated Springs to know that Col. J. T. Chidester, with his characteristic enterprise, has made arrangements to put on a line of stages from Little Rock to Hot Springs, and with a view of making the journey easier he will be able at all times to furnish parties with hacks, buggies, etc. Also, invalid wagons, with bedding, etc., for the sick.

COMMERCIAL HOUSE.—The proprietors of the Commercial House take this method of informing the friends and patrons of the late "Allen House," that they can entertain them for the present, and will be fully prepared to open regularly on the first of March. The house is now undergoing thorough repairs, and will soon offer all the comforts which can be obtained at any hotel in the city, and at greatly reduced rates.

AFFAIR OF HONOR.—A duel was fought yesterday, shortly after noon, near Madrid City, Ark., between Mr. John L. H. Taylor and Mr. Wm. J. Mims, with rifles at fifty paces distance. After an ineffectual exchange of shots, mutual friends interfered and happily succeeded in preventing the further prosecution of the fight. The gentlemen deported themselves with perfect coolness throughout, and everything was conducted honorably and fairly by the seconds.

CONSERVATIVE MEETING.—We, the undersigned, colored men of Memphis, call a meeting of the Conservative colored men of the city of Memphis, to be held in the Criminal Court room, on Wednesday night at 7 o'clock, February 19, 1868. Speakers will address the meeting.

John Pope,	James Delap,
Henry Smith,	Peter Walsh,
Robert Johnson,	Bill Welch,
Jacob Warner,	Edward Handler,
Jacob Edwards,	Wesley Neiman,
C. Thomas,	Bob Hardlow,
Edward Helm,	Ed Gibson,
Jack Johnson,	Peter Welch.

MEMPHIS, TENN., February 18, 1868.

Mud and Dust.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

Will you have the kindness to allow me through your columns to suggest a way whereby we may escape the inevitable mud and dust which Memphis seems to be everlastingly doomed to endure. To expect relief from our "city fathers" at the present time is out of the question. I would therefore recommend the following scheme:

Let some enterprising man, who shall make up for small capital by great energy, enter into a contract with storekeepers and others living on those streets and alleys recently paved, engaging to sweep up and carry off all dust and garbage on said streets at least three times a week, the charges for same being about equivalent to those for sprinkling—as in that case water carts would be no longer necessary, and we are convinced that the labor for sweeping the streets thoroughly three times a week could be obtained at less expense to the contractor than that of sprinkling the same three times daily.

This plan is a practicable one, and one in which all parties concerned would readily coincide. Let any one desirous of engaging in this enterprise lose no time in satisfying himself of its advantages, by calling at once upon all parties living on said streets and alleys, and obtain signatures to such an agreement, and thus inaugurate a good work among us, and obtain the blessings of a community freed from the reign of mud and dust.

MEMPHIAN.

We think the above an excellent suggestion, and hope it will be acted upon.

PHYSIC TO THE DOGS.—As we do not desire to do the slightest injustice to any class or race, we publish the following card in full, as it appeared in the Radical evening paper of yesterday. We are informed, however, that Drs. Purnell and Bateman, under the direction of the Coroner, are prosecuting the examination in the premises:

A CARD.—On Saturday, February 15th, a man by the name of Casey came into my drug store, at the corner of Linden and Chelsey streets, apparently quite sober. Upon his taking a seat, I asked him what he wanted. He said he had been drunk for two weeks, and had not eaten anything of any consequence during that time. I at once prepared for him the following prescription: Tinct. of Gentian, three ounces; Vini Gallici, three ounces, and directed him to take a tablespoonful every two or three hours. As to the propriety of this prescription, I respectfully refer to that high medical authority, Messrs. Wood & Boche's Dispensatory, page 280. That work states the medical properties and use of Gentian as follows:

"Gentian possesses in a high degree the tonic powers which characterize the simple bitters. It excites the appetite, invigorates digestion, moderately increases the temperature of the body and the force of the circulation, and operates, in fact, as a general corroborant. In very large doses, however, it is apt to load and oppress the stomach, to irritate the bowels, and even to occasion nausea and vomiting. It may be used in all cases of pure debility of the digestive organs, or on requiring a general tonic impression, etc."

Medical gentlemen cannot but approve of the fitness of the above prescription.

I had never seen Casey but once before, and had not the slightest ill will toward him.

Very respectfully, S. H. TOLES, M. D.

P. S.—It should not be forgotten that Toles, M. D. is of the sable race. Where

A Card from Col. Beaumont.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

Contrary to my usual custom, I have determined to correct impressions that may have been made upon the public by the card of Anthony Conway, published in the APPEAL of Tuesday morning.

Anthony Conway was arrested Saturday night, soon after twelve o'clock, charged with assault with intent to kill and rob. He was caught in the presence of, and fully identified by Mr. Wolf, his intended victim, from whom I learned all the particulars of the assault. I visited the station house for the purpose, if possible, of learning from Conway who was his accomplice. Conway was brought before me, reeking with the blood of as peaceable and law-abiding a man as lives in the city of Memphis. His hands were smeared all over with blood, his shirt was torn and bloody, (he had laid his coat aside, as any other butcher would), but, in the face of all the accumulated evidence against him, he had the unbushing effrontery to tell me he was an injured man, and had been set upon by persons he did not know, been knocked down and beaten, and had his coat torn from him in the scuffle. (His coat was afterwards found carefully laid behind the railing of the stairway unsoiled). In the excitement of the moment, I used language not very choice in its selection, but not an oath escaped my lips nor did I use or threaten any revolver upon the wretch, who, had his crime been committed in a city less accustomed to deeds of blood, would have been in danger of summary punishment at the hands of a justly indignant community. The statement that I asked him if he was John C. Creighton's friend, is a sheer fabrication, as I did not mention that gentleman's name during the night.

Conway has long been suspected of belonging to a band of garroters who infest the city, and now that he has been caught at his hellish work, he will be more closely watched than heretofore.

His card was written to create sympathy. S. B. BEAUMONT, Supt M. P.

Surprising Growth of an Insurance Company—St. Louis Mutual Life.

The rapid progress this one of our own institutions is making is truly surprising. The following statistics, clipped from the *Western Insurance Review*, cannot fail to astonish some of our readers:

On January 1, 1864, the assets were $223,547 36. On the corresponding day of 1865, they amounted to $430 999 66. On January 1, 1866, they were $750,114 09. On July 1, 1866, they amounted to $1,046,822 32. On January 1, 1867, they amounted to $1,395,162 19, and on July 1, of the same year, $1,930,451 92.

On the first of January of the present year, the assets had reached more than *two and a quarter millions of dollars.* Commenting on these figures, the *Review* makes these just remarks:

And it will be seen that the company is just about doubling its assets each year; not simply doing double as much this year as it did the previous, but actually doubling on its entire business. We question if there is any other company of similar proportions in the United States of which the same can be said. It is truly surprising, and particularly in a Western institution, with only a very limited number of active agents. In a few years the St. Louis Mutual Life will be one of the largest insurance companies in the country. To day it stands higher than the majority of Eastern companies.

A noticeable feature about the St. Louis Mutual Life is, that this vast business is transacted by a comparatively small number of agents, who seem to be of the *right stamp.* They have identified themselves most thoroughly with its interests, and seem to have become almost a part of the institution. The amount of business transacted by some of them is surprising, and would astonish some of our Main and Second street merchants, who, too often, regard life insurance as a comparatively unimportant business.

The receipts of one agency (McMahon & Otis) of the St. Louis Mutual Life, last year amounted to $347,568, insuring $2,926,000, and we believe it exceeds the entire business of some dozen popular New York companies, namely: the Atlantic, Mutual American, Popular, World Mutual, Brooklyn Life, Great Western, Continental Life, (seven months) Widows' and Orphans' Benefit, National Life and Trust Company, New York State, and the Universal Life. These figures are taken from official reports.

The Kentucky State Agent of the St. Louis Mutual Life received during the past year no less an amount than $232,330 50. For new business alone he received $127,188 92, and for the month of December $17,158 00. This is the footing up of Mr. S. K. Foote, and, as the Louisville *Journal* says, it is evident the company has put the right *foot* foremost in Kentucky.

The St. Louis Mutual Life is an institution that every man in the West ought to feel proud of. It is well that in one branch of business, at least, we have a representative which not only *rivals* but surpasses many Eastern enterprises.

We understand that the secretary is making every exertion and doing considerable business in Indiana and Illinois, and, as soon as they can obtain agents of the right stripe, intend to extend their business into the Eastern States—upon the suggestion of the Hon. Eligur Wright, that, "if they seek those fields, they will draw more money from the East than Eastern companies draw from the West." Success to this Western enterprise.

THE COURTS.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge.* The cases set for trial February 19th, 20th and 21st, are as follows:

446 Pillow M. and C. R. R. Co.
45 Mundell vs Pierce Co.
92 Mesick vs Price.
97 Woodson vs McCombe.
56 Creighton vs Wesson.
58 Gaddon vs Massey et al.
56 Levi vs Surry Shurley.
57 Locke, use, etc, vs Looney.
58 Bell vs Bell, et al.
59 Hamilton vs Memphis Cotton Mills, et al.
60 Jones vs Bennett.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*George W. Waldran, Judge.*—The *scire facias* docket will be called to-day.

SHELBY CIRCUIT COURT—*George W. Reeves, Judge, etc.*—A few motions were heard on yesterday. The criminal docket will be called to-day.

CHANCERY COURT.—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor, etc.*—The following decrees and orders were entered on yesterday:

Hull vs Anderson & Gay—Final decree.
Norris vs Kellar—Report confirmed.
Hagan vs Hagan—Order of sale.
Ford vs Wright—Final decree.
Leach vs Hanna—Final decree.
Keely vs Conway—Final decree.
Parker vs Parker—Reference to Clerk and Master.
Yates vs Moses—Injunction dissolved.
Moore vs Spain—Order of Reference, etc.

The following cases will be heard to-day:

429 Cook vs Swayne.
467 Boyd vs Graham.
445 Bledsoe vs Carpenter.
526 Harbert vs Finnie.
459 Hunt vs Hunt.
461 Armstrong vs Apperson.
462 Frondin vs Rogers.
466 Shepherd vs Shepherd.
467 Mahaffey, ex parte.
469 Polk vs Arrington.
470 Ca ne vs Carne.
471 Dale vs Scruggs.
474 Peck vs Waddell.
474 Chambers vs Fowlkes.
475 Edgington vs Rose.
476 Hasely vs Dent.
477 Edgington vs Revis.
480 Pickett vs Carmack.
481 Gaylord vs Street.
482 Crockett vs Bagby.
483 Gaylord vs Jackson.
484 Wofford vs Sanderson.
48 Kirk vs Kirr.
488 Quimby vs Warfield.
489 Kirk vs Jones.
488 Kaufman vs Edmondr.
492 Webb vs Gaglia.
494 Thompson vs Gillespie.
495 Butler vs Life.
496 Cochran vs Horton.
497 Breathett vs Stoner.
498 Boom vs Anderson.
499 Boyd vs Hunter.
500 Babb vs Roberts.
501 Harledge vs Harledge.
502 Harris vs Harris.
503 Smith vs Mynatt.
504 Hall vs Pierce.
505 Meath vs Sims.
506 Turman vs Hopton.
508 Buckingham vs Hays.
510 Hammer vs Pope.
511 Rodgers vs McKenna.
513 Apperson vs Cross.

The clerk and master will take an account to-day in the following causes:

Nichol vs Dunn.
Chambers vs Crenshaw.

CRIMINAL COURT—*Wm. Hunter, Judge.* The case of the State vs Angelo Marre is still progressing. The case will continue during the remainder of the week.

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

LARGE SUPPLY of Dress Goods, White Goods and Furnishing Goods at very low figures, at 230 Main street, where M. Wolf & Co. are constantly selling fresh supplies. feb6 1w

FINE CORSETS, $1 25; Linen Handkerchiefs, $1 50 to $3 per dozen; Fine Ladies' Hose, $2 to $3 a dozen; Gentlemen's Half Hose, $1 50 to 2 50 per dozen, at M. Wolf & Co.'s, 230 Main street. feb6 1w

Books and Stationery, a large and well selected stock at Geo. Pattison & Co., 317 1-2 Main street.

For good ash wood, go to Bigley,

APPEAL JOB OFFICE.

Cheap and Fine Printing.

As we are anxious to draw to our Job Office a large amount of work, we invite those who have work to be done to examine our specimens and the corresponding prices. Having every requisite facility, we are determined that no work done in the city (or any where else) shall exceed in beauty of style and workmanship that which is executed at the APPEAL Job Office. At the reduced and moderate prices established for *all* work executed by us, it will require a large amount to be remunerative. We, therefore, offer no apology for requesting those having work to be executed to bring it to our establishment, where they can have the advantages of all the latest styles of type, presses, etc., together with the very highest achievements of the printing art.

EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson street and 336 Main street, have received Harpers' Bazar, Waverly Magazine, Leat Sensation, Dime Illustrated, New York Citizen, Wilkes' Spirit, London News, Police News, Police Gazette, Harpers' Weekly, Round Table, Scientific American, Saturday Night, New York Mercury; also Putnam's Magazine, Madam Demorest's, Godey's Ladies' Book, Peters.-n's Magazine, Catholic World, all for March. If any persons wish anything in their line they will get it for you. Emmons & Son's is the place to get what you want.

LAUNDRY, 40 Jefferson street.

CHANCERY COURT SALE.—On Friday, February 21st, I will sell between the hours of 10 and 12 a.m., the first-class and well located Restaurant situated at No. 355 Main street. All those interested will do well to be on hand. feb19 3t

FINE PRINTING.—The APPEAL Job Office now turns out as *fine* printing as any office in the Southwest, and at the LOWEST RATES.

THE Tennessee Petro Oil Company's office is in the Irving Block, No. 258 Second street. Rosenbaum & Co.'s stove and oil depot. feb18 2w

GO TO M. WOLF & Co.'s, 230 Main street, for Dress Trimmings, Braids, Perfumery and notions, who are offering still greater bargains in goods purchased at the bankrupt sales. feb6 1w

FOR good ash wood, go to Bigley, Mellersh & Co., coal dealers. feb6 tf

Wheatley & Avent, Collecting Agent, No. 10 Bernett Block.

Braithwait's Retrospect for 1868, just received at Geo. Pattison & Co., 317 1-2 Main street.

Bill Heads Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

DO YOU WANT A FORTUNE?—Go to the office of the Phœnix Insurance Company, 230 Main street, and buy tickets in the "Grand Special Scheme of the Raleigh Springs." Tickets, $5.

Try Carter's Combined Copying and Writing Fluid, to be had at Geo. Pattison & Co., 317 1-2 Main street.

Bills Lading Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

Fairchild's celebrated Gold Pens, very low, at 317 1-2 Main street.

Bill Heads Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

New Marriage Guide.—An Essay for Young Men, on Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases, incident to Youth and Early Manhood, which create impediments to Marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. feb2 daw

THE FRENCH LANGUAGE.

Professor Villebatin would respectfully announce to the public that he will, on Saturday, the 18th of January, open, at Lee Academy, a permanent school for instruction in the French Language. For the present, every Saturday, from 10 a.m. to 12 m., will be devoted to this class. All who feel interested in the same are cordially invited to meet him at this institution on that day. The classes will be arranged to suit applicants, and the terms in accordance with the times. jan15 1m

La Mirandes' French Remedies—Have saved thousands all over Europe, having been for many years the first assistant at Professor La Mirandes' Private Hospital in Paris, and having succeeded to establish a branch in this country, I am now prepared to furnish his celebrated remedies for Consumption, Rheumatism, Scrofula etc. also, the genuine imported Vifella—Heath's Grand Restorer—the only certain cure for a constitution shattered by the excesses and abuses of youth. Do not be tampered with by pretenders, physicians. Address your communications to Gen. W. Fernier, 393 West 57th St., New York. ADVICE GRATIS. Our book, by which any person can understand their own case, sent free to any address. Ladies may address us in full confidence. jal

MRS. WINSLOW'S

SOOTHING SYRUP,

For Children Teething,

Greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation, will allay all pain, and spasmodic action, and is

Sure to Regulate the Bowels.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for years and can say in confidence and truth of it what we never can be able to say of any other medicine. Never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its medical effects and immediate virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know," after years of experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in from fifteen to twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.

Full directions for the use of

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup"

Having the fac-similie of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world

Price, only 35 Cents per Bottle

OFFICES—245 Fulton street, New York; 205 High Holborn, London, England; 44 St Paul street, Montreal, Canada.

A Cough, a Cold or a Sore Throat,

Requires immediate attention, and should be checked. Allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease or Consumption,

is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. **For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases,** Troches are used with always success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the worthless *imitations* that may be offered. Sold everywhere. oct2

NEW SEED HOUSE

R. D. WARD.

R. D. WARD & CO.,

Wholesale and retail dealers in

GARDEN AND FIELD SEEDS,

No. 232 Main Street,

Opposite Clay Building, Memphis, Tenn. feb9 daw

Information Wanted

OF the Heirs of George Harris, deceased. Information is wanted concerning the heirs of GEORGE and ROBERT HARRIS, who were sold as slaves in Virginia many years ago. If they can be found, they will hear of something to their advantage by applying to JOHN JOHNSON, Executor of George Harris, deceased, No. 1210 Arch street. feb18 2t

SMITH & DUNNING,

SHIPPING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NO. 65 SOUTH WATER STREET,

JAMES SMITH, CHICAGO.
BENJ. DUNNING, CHICAGO.
CHARLES OSGOOD, CHICAGO.

Represented by [illegible] dec29 tf

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

The river at this point is rising at the rate of six inches in twenty-four hours. We have no later news from the Arkansas, St.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, }
MEMPHIS, February 18, 1868. }

The gold premium early in the week was unsettled, owing to the defeat of the Impeachment question before the Reconstruction Committee. A rush was made to sell, and prices declined in New York on Thursday last to 140¼c. It has gradually improved, however, since, and opened to-day at 141¼c, closing at 141. We have no sales of consequence to report in this market. Dealers offer 139 to 139½c, and sell at New York quotations when there is any call, which is not frequent.

Currency during the week has been in light supply, and in consequence transactions in cotton have been curtailed, but there is more ease since Monday morning, and our discount houses are dealing largely in cotton bills on New York and other Eastern cities—buying at ½ to ¾c discount and selling at par. New Orleans sight is taken at ¼c discount, while fifteen day bills are occasionally taken from regular customers at 1¼c discount, checking at ½c premium.

The seven-thirty Treasury notes outstanding and falling due June 15th and July 15th, next, which are convertible into five-twenty-bonds, amount to over two hundred million dollars, and it will require the full time between this and July 15th to enable the Department to convert them promptly at maturity. The public are notified that unless such notes, which the Government is now offering to convert, are promptly forwarded to the Department for that purpose, great delay must ensue in the future delivery of the bonds.

City scrip is dull. There is no demand except for small pieces, which are generally held from 3 to 5c higher than large ones. Brokers offer 38c and sell at 40 to 45c.

County warrants are not in demand. Brokers are not buying. Selling at 60 to 65c.

Police scrip is in fair demand at 80 to 82c buying; selling at 84 to 85c.

The Cotton market for the week has been on the whole active. Prices advanced steadily from the opening until Thursday. On that day prices reached 19½ to 20c in this market, at which figures buyers could not operate. On Friday there was very little done, and quotations were nominally unchanged. On Saturday the Liverpool market was quiet; Uplands, 8¾ to 8¾d; Orleans, 8¾ to 8¾d. In New York the market was dull, with holders anxious to realize, closing with a downward tendency. On Monday a reaction set in, and all the markets were firm and buoyant. Liverpool closed as follows: Uplands, 8¾d to 8¾d; Orleans, 8¾ to 9d. In New York the market was excited; nearly every dispatch announced an advance, closing excited, with Middlings 21¾c; Orleans, 22¼c. Holders in this market asked 20 to 20¼c, with large sales. The Liverpool market yesterday was active at the opening; Orleans, 9¼d; Uplands, 9d; at the close prices were buoyant; Upiands, 9¾ to 9¾d; Orleans, 9¾ to 9¾d; Uplands, to arrive, 9d; 30,000 bales were sold on this day in that market. The New York market was very much excited all day and closed active at full prices; Low Middlings, 22¼c; Uplands, 22¾ to 23c; Good Middlings, 24½c. Our market was like that of New York, excited, Middlings closing at 21 to 21½c, with holders asking 22c. To-day at the opening in Liverpool market was firm; Uplands, 9¾ to 9¾d; Orleans, 9¾ to 9¾d. At noon it had advanced; Uplands, 9¾ to 9¾d; Orleans, 9¾ to 9¾d. At the close the market was active; Uplands, 9¾d; Orleans, 9¾d; sales for the day, 20,000 bales. In New York, at the opening holders were asking an advance and keeping out of market; Uplands, 23 to 23½c; Good Middlings, 24½c; Orleans, 23¾ to 24c. Holders were asking still higher prices at 11 a.m. At noon and until the close the market was active at full prices; Uplands, 23½c; Orleans, 24½c; Good Middlings, 25c; sales, 8000 bales. Our market was active and excited. Holders were afraid to offer their lists, not knowing what to ask, while others were asking New York prices. The sales of the day were large, and made upon a basis of 22 to 22½c for Middlings. Many factors were asking 23c and would make no abatement, though no sales were made at that figure. The market closed firm and tending to still higher prices. We quote:

Ordinary	18 @18½
Good Ordinary	19½ @20
Low Middling	20½@21½
Middling	22 @22½
Strict Middling	24 @ —
Good Middling	23½@24

COTTON STATEMENT.
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, }
MEMPHIS, February 17, 1868. }

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1867	1,868
Received to-day	1,760
Received previously	202,825 201,601
	205,588
Exported to-day	1,467
Exported previously	176,942 178 409
Stock on hand and at presses	27,279
Receipts this week	12,163
Exports	5,293
Received last week	19,347
Exported last week	11,760
Stock on hand Saturday, Feb. 15th	35,000
Of which was American	12 000
Stock in New York Saturday, 15th	45,000

Wholesale Market.

The weather during the week just closed has been of such a character as to give promise of an early spring, and has brought both merchant and planter to town to make arrangements for the coming business of the season. Prices are enhancing in every kind of goods. The advance in cotton has caused an equal rise in dry goods. The market for domestic goods has been active, while stocks are generally unequal to the demand. Woolen goods have not changed, though prices are firm—dealers not making the usual concessions at this, the close of the season for such fabrics. Boots have advanced fully 1c since Saturday last, while white and brown domestics are up 1c per yard. Nearly all of our retail houses have run short in staple goods, and the demand through them upon our wholesale trade has been quite heavy. Stocks are, however, being replenished as fast as possible and prudent, without much disposition to order more than the demand will justify. Though our dealers are confident that present prices will be retained, if they do not advance further, they are operating with much caution, having already lost heavily by the shrinkage in values during the last two seasons.

The boot and shoe market for the week has not been active, owing to the short stock. Many orders have been left unfilled for this reason, though ample stocks are on the way and will be on hand in a few days. The demand for cheap work appears to be in the ascendant as the weather becomes pleasant, though first class goods are also called for and prices are very firm. The stock East has diminished until there is very little made up left on the market. Manufacturers are of the opinion that prices will rule higher, and to that end are advancing the wages of operatives at many places.

The hardware business has shown a decided improvement since our last. Prices are the same and stocks are light. Agricultural implements are being exposed for sale, and bid fair to be in some demand, though not by any means as great as last year.

Provisions have been scarce and prices are higher than last week. Meats of all kinds are in active demand at full prices. Corn, oats and bran have been scarce. There is a good business doing in seed oats, which are very firm, with light supply. Flour is firm and prices are tending upward. Game is plentiful for the season and prices are irregular. The tobacco market has not changed since last week. The demand is steady, but of a light character.

Molasses and sugar are very firm and have a tendency upward.

The stock market is quiet and supply short. There is some demand for choice beef cattle with none for common. Live and dressed hogs are scarce and in good demand.

FLOUR, per barrel,	
Fine	@ —
Superfine	9 00 @10 00
Single Extra	10 50 @11 00
Double Extra	12 00 @13 00
Thribie Extra	13 50 @14 50
Fancy Brands	15 00 @16 00
FRUIT, per barrel,	
Green Apples	4 00 @ 6 00
Dried Apples	6 @ 7
Dried Peaches	8 @ 9
FISH,	
Mackerel No. 1, per bbl	— — @ — —
" No. 2	— — @ — —
" No. 3, ½ bbl	10 00 @ — —
" No. 2	9 00 @ — —
" No. 3, ½ do	2 61 @ 2 85
" No. 2	2 40 @ 2 50
GREASE, per pound	7 @ 7½
GUNPOWDER,	
Quarter kegs	2 25 @ —
Half kegs	4 25 @ —
Kegs	8 00 @ —
HIDES, per pound,	
Dry Flint	18 @ —
Dry Salt	15 @ 16
Green Salt	9 @ 10
Green	7½@8 @8¼
Deer Skins	2 5 @ 30
Hair Plastering	5 @ 6
HARDWARE,	
Nails, per keg, rates	6 00 @ 6 50
Cut Spikes	7 50 @ 8 00
Casting Hollow Ware, w h	7½@ 10
Bar Iron	6 @ — @6½
Horseshoe Iron	8½@ 10
Nail Rod	14 @ 16
Iron Ties	8 @ 9
LEATHER,	
Oak Sole	45 @ 50
Hemlock Sole, No. 1	— — @ 38
Kip	65 @ 1 00
American Calf	1 00 @1 75
French Calf, per doz	42 00 @75 00
Upper, per doz	30 00 @44 00
LARD, per pound,	
In kegs	15 @ — @15½
In tierce	14½@ — @15
LIME,	
Alabama	2 00 @ 2 25
Cape	2 00 @ 2 25
St. Louis	2 00 @ 2 25
MOLASSES, per gallon,	
New crop, La., in bbls	75 @1 00
New crop, La., half bbls	80 @1 05
Syrups	1 00 @1 50
OILS, per gallon,	
Coal	53 @ 55
Lard	1 20 @1 25
Linseed	1 30 @1 35
Train	— — @ — —
Turpentine	70 @ 80
PROVISIONS—	
Pork, mess, per barrel	24 50 @25 00
Prime Mess	— — @ — —
Bacon, clear sides, per lb	14 @14½
Clear Rib Sides	14 @13½
Clear Sides	12½@13
Shoulders	10 @10½
Breakfast Bacon	15 @ —
Hams, plain	15 @ 16
Ham canvassed	16 @ —
Sugar cured	16½@17½
ROPE,	
Machine	8 @ — @9½
Hand	8 @ — @8
Manilla	28 @ — @30
GUNNIES,	
New	24 @ — @25
Old	18 @ — @20
RICE, per pound,	
In barrels	— — @ — — @13½
ROSIN, per barrel	6 50 @ 8 50
SUGAR, per pound,	
Crushed and powdered	19 @ — @20
Clarified	18 @ — @18½
Coffee A	— — @15½
" B	— — @ — —
" C	17½@ —
Extra C	17½@ — @17
Brown	14 @ — @17
SALT,	
Per barrel	3 25 @ 3 50
Sack	2 75 @ 3 00
SPICE,	
Allspice	33 @ —
Cloves	50 @ — @50
Ginger	25 @ — @30
Nutmegs	1 60 @ 2 00
Pepper	30 @ — @40
SODA, per pound	— — @ 10
SOAP, per pound,	
German	10 @ — @11
Palm	7 @ — @9
Rosin	— — @ — — @8
SHOT	3 25 @ 3 50
TALLOW, per pound	9 @ — @9½
TOBACCO, per pound,	6 50 @ 7 00
TOBACCO, per pound,	
Extra bright Medium	1 00 @1 75
Medium Bright	— 80 @1 00
Half pounds Bright	— 75 @ — 80
Common Bright	— 60 @ — 70
Common Pounds	— 60 @ — 70
Smoking, fine and fancy	1 00 @1 25
Medium	— 80 @1 00
TWINE, per pound	— 18 @ — 21
VEGETABLES—	
Potatoes, ¾ bbl	4 50 @ 6 50
Onions, per barrel	— — @ — —
VINEGAR, cider, per bbl	8 50 @11 00
WHISKY, per gallon	
Common	1 75 @ 2 00
Imitation Bourbon	2 25 @ 2 50
Bourbon	3 00 @ 5 00

Cattle and Hog Market.

LIVE STOCK,	
Choice beef cattle, gross	5 @ 6
Inferior	2½@ 4
Texas cattle per head	15 00 @20 00
Milch cows, per head	25 00 @70 00
Hogs, gross	9 @ 10
Dressed hogs	12½@13
Sheep, per head	1 10 @ 5 00

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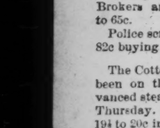

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FOR 1868.

ALBERT PIKE
EDITOR.

JNO. AINSLIE,
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Fully Aroused and Wide Awake,

It is in such an emergency as the present. The temptation is strong to despair, and to surrender to the influence of fear and an almost overwhelming oppression. If we listen to the voice of the Siren and give up to despair, we are lost—irrecoverably lost. It behooves one and all to be up and doing, "with a heart for every fate, still achieving, still pursuing," until the book of our destiny shall be closed. We should hear of no compromise to make with the opposing genius of decay and destruction, which is seeking to drag us down. We should meet the enemy at every stage and wage an aggressive warfare upon him, until we expel him from the land. Poverty comes upon our beloved land and upon our patriotic people "like an armed man." Like "an armed man" we must assail him—with the same will, determination and courage with which he marches upon our homes and hearthstones. In such an emergency,

THE NEWSPAPER

Is the great and potent weapon with which we must carry on the campaign. We might as well at once surrender to the foe as to abandon this agency, which is, in fact, the artillery arm, both for defense and attack, in such a warfare. This great moral and political agent can only be rendered efficient and successful with the countenance, support and material assistance of the people. Never was there so cheap an aid employed to defend the right and to crush the oppressor. A people who are not willing to sustain an auxiliary which may be so potently used to defend their rights, and which can be employed at so inconsiderable an expense, are in the last stage of decrepitude and decline. And so an individual, who may be

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Will in all free governments is known to be the most powerful lever, in the service of good government, must be either too imbecile for a freeman or too corrupt to receive the confidence and respect of his countrymen. It therefore happens that the people who sustain the Press with the greatest liberality and who rely upon its free utterance, with the highest confidence in its power to elicit the truth and defend the right, are always the freest and most independent people.

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All Communications
MEMPHIS APPEAL, Ma
JOHN S

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

From the Louisville Journal.]

MUSIC IN CAMP.

BY JOHN R. THOMPSON.

Two armies covered hill and plain,
Where Rappahannock's waters
Ran, sparkling crimsoned with the stain
Of battle's recent slaughters.

The Summer clouds lay pitched like tents
In mends of heavenly azure;
And each dread gun of the elements
Slept in its hill embrasure.

The breeze so softly blew it made
No forest leaf to quiver,
And the smoke of the random cannonade
Rolled slowly from the river.

And now, where circling hills looked down,
With cannon grimly planted,
Over listless camp and silent town,
The golden sunset slanted.

When on the fervid air there came
A strain, now rich, now tender;
The music seemed itself aflame
With day's departing splendor.

A Federal band, which eve and morn
Played measures brave and nimble,
Had just struck up with flute and horn
A lively clash of carol.

Down flocke'd the soldiers to the banks,
Till, margined by the forces,
One wooded shore was blue with "Yanks,"
And one was gray with "Rebels."

Then all was still, and then the band,
With muskets, men and bayonets,
Made stream and forest, hill and strand,
Reverberate with "Dixie."

The conscious stream, with burnished glow,
Spread out its commerce in its breast,
But thrilled throughout its deepest flow
With yelling of the rebels.

Again a pause, and then again
The trumpets pealed sonorous,
And Yankee Doodle was the strain
To which the shore gave chorus.

The laughing ripple shoreward flew
To kiss the shining pebbles;
Loud shrieked the cheering Boys in Blue
Defiance to the Rebels.

And yet once more the bugles sang
Above the stormy riot;
No shout upon the evening rang—
There reigned a holy quiet.

The sad, low stream its noiseless tread
Poured o'er the glistening pebbles;
And silent now the Yanks stood,
And silent stood the Rebels.

No unresponsive soul had heard
That plaintive note's appealing,
So deeply, Home, Sweet Home, had stirred
The hidden founts of feeling.

Or Blue or Gray, the soldier sees,
As by the wand of fairy,
The cottage 'neath the live-oak trees,
The cabin by the prairie.

Or cold or warm, his native skies
Bend in their beauty o'er him;
Seen through the tear-mist in his eyes,
His loved ones stand before him.

As fades the trio after rain
In April's tearful weather,
The Vision vanished, strain by strain,
And daylight died together.

But memory, waked by music's art,
Expressed in simplest numbers,
Subdued the sternest msster's heart,
Made light the Rebel's slumbers.

And fair the form of Music shines,
That bright, celestial creature
Who still, mid war's embattled lines,
Gave this one torch of Nature.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Noon Dispatches.

HALIFAX, February 18.—A committee in the House of Assembly reports that there exists among the fishing population of twelve counties great and wide spread destitution, and unless extensive and permanent arrangements are made for their relief, many will perish from starvation.

MONTGOMERY, February 18.—Sergeant Bates, carrying the United States flag, reached this city to-day. He was met by a large number of citizens in carriages, decorated with the United States flags, and by a band of music. About three thousand people turned out to hear the reception speeches and to welcome him as a guest of the city. All the speakers and marshals of the day were Confederate soldiers.

ATLANTA, February 18.—The Georgia Convention has stricken out, by a large majority, the clause empowering the Legislature to alter or abolish any charter thereafter granted. It is reported that ten thousand dollars will be paid to the members of the Convention out of the treasury.

NEW YORK, February 18.—The *Herald's* Washington dispatch states that private advices from London mention the receipt of the intelligence from the minister of the British government to repudiate all debts of foreign countries, except the United States, which has given rise to an intense feeling of indignation in England, and the Government is now, it is said, seriously considering the fitting out of a fleet to take possession of the ports of Mexico and hold them until satisfaction is given. It is also understood that France, though consulted, declined to participate.

FLORENCE, February 17.—A special dispatch says Admiral Farragut, who has been the recipient of such marked attention from royal citizens for some time past, has just left the capital for Venice, where he will remain for a few days.

HAVANA, February 18.—The *Herald's* special says advices from Hayti of the 14th inst., have been received. The Solomon party fraternizes with Cacus in the capital, and their course is becoming very popular.

Porto Rico dates to the 13th state that slight shocks of earthquakes are still felt on that Island. The treasury had received $70,000 from Havana to relieve distress.

A railway was projected from Juan to Riero Pedras, but capital was diminishing and property depreciating in value, and land and cattle were frequently being sold at auction to provide for the payment of taxes.

ANALYSIS OF THE
RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS.

THE SCHEME FOR THE DISPOSITION OF the Mineral Springs at Raleigh is before the public. The water may be numbered among the specifics of the water, the analysis of five principal springs is given to the public. It has been supplied to the Hospitals, SARDINE, CROCK and EUREKA, were analyzed by an eminent Chemist of St. Louis, Mr. Enno Sasse, and recently, two other Springs have been developed, and named respectively, BAYLESS and MAGNOLIA. During the past season numbers of the water of these Springs was submitted to Mr. Thos Hoerner, one of the most learned Chemists in Europe, and according to the analysis given below, was the work of time and laborious investigation, and according to the testimony of Physicians, physicians, has developed a combination of properties which, for curative virtues, are not surpassed by any mineral waters on the Continent.

BALESS OR BOX SPRING.

The following proportions of solid matter are found in 10,000 grains of this water:

182 Protoscbonate of Iron,	
306 Carbonate of Lime,	
97 Carbonate of Magnesia,	
190 Chlorid of Sodium,	
525 Sulphat of Soda,	
0.27 Sulphat Magnesia,	
377 Silicic Acid,	
709 Organic substances,	
Traces of Silicate of Aluminia,	
2491 free Carbonic Acid, equivalent to 1266.42 Cubic Centimetre, which serve to keep in solution the insoluble protocarbonates.	

MAGNOLIA SPRING.

631 Protocarbonate of Iron,	
284 Carbonate of Magnesia,	
580 Carbonate of Lime,	
162 Chloride of Sodium,	
69 Sulphate of Soda,	
70 Sulphate of Magnesia,	
262 Silicic Acid,	
337 Organic Substances,	
Traces of Silicate of Phosphate of Alumnia,	
2887 free Carbonic Acid, equivalent to 1468 cubic centimeter.	

The largest element of free Carbonic Acid in all the Springs of the Valley—specific gravity of these

[illegible] SPRING.

[illegible] Sodium,
[illegible] Soda,
[illegible] of Potassa,
[illegible] of Magnesia,
[illegible] nate of Iron,
[illegible] of Lime,
[illegible] nic Acid Gas, equivalent to [illegible] Cubic Inches, which serve also [illegible] solution the carbonate compound which is in part[illegible] united.

[illegible] SPRING.

[illegible] Sodium,
[illegible] Potassium,
[illegible] Calcium,
[illegible] Magnesium,
[illegible] of Iron,
[illegible] Lime,
[illegible] Acid, equivalent to 511 Cubic

Traces of Nitrogen.
[illegible] of solid matter in 10,000 [illegible] first mentioned analysis.

[illegible] SPRING.

Calculation made on

[illegible] Iron,
[illegible] Soda,
[illegible] Potassa,
[illegible] Lime,
[illegible] Magnesia,
[illegible] Alumina,
[illegible] Silicic Acid, which is equivalent to [illegible] Cubic Inches, and is partly united [illegible] acting as silicate of Soda.

[illegible] Magnesia in the form

[illegible]ite in the following [illegible]ic Diseases, General [illegible] Scrofula, Syphilis, [illegible] Neuralgia, Constitutional [illegible]ases, Lassitude, etc. [illegible]ronic and Tonic [illegible] all diseases [illegible] constitutions, pre[illegible] long habits of [illegible] chimery [illegible] disputed, and [illegible] ers of the [illegible] boats upon [illegible] ing at this [illegible]

[illegible] MAN
[illegible] r
[illegible] on the
[illegible] at

LEGAL.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Christian E. Thieme, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Christian E. Thieme, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 16th day of February, A.D., 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
feb15 law3w

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of James A. Fisher, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of James A. Fisher, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tenn., the 16th day of February, A. D. 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
feb15law3w

Case No. 34.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of John C. Lewis, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John C. Lewis, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 6th day of February A.D., 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
feb7law3w

Case No. 36.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Joseph Lorey, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Joseph Lorey, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 7th day of February, A.D., 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
feb7law3w

Case No. 48.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Reuben H. Abel, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Reuben H. Abel, in the county of Fayette and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 21st day of February, A.D., 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
Jan25 law3w

Case No. 20.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of R. P. Bolling, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, district of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of R. P. Bolling, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tenn., the 14th day of February, A. D. 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
Jan25 law3w

Case No. 6.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of S. D. Truehert, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of S. D. Truehert, of Germantown, in the County of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tenn., the 17th day of January, A. D. 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
ja15 law3w

Case No. 1.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Frank Underwood, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Frank Underwood, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 20th day of January, A.D., 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
ja21 law3w Assignee, Etc.

Sheriff's Sale.

C. H. Erackstt vs. J. A. Wilshire, et al.

UNDER and by virtue of an execution to me directed in the above stated case and levied on the property of the defendant, I will, on

Tuesday, February 11, 1868,

Between the hours prescribed by law, offer and sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at the storerooms of Flaherty & Weschle, Union street, between Main and Second streets Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee, the following described property, viz: Two B